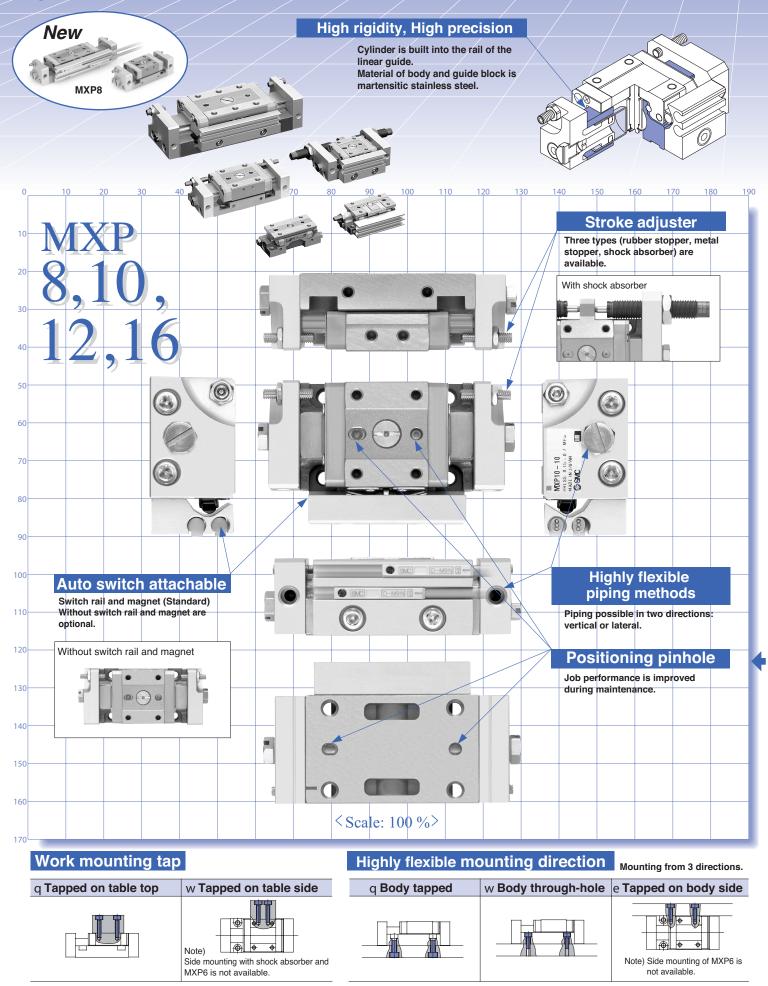


Precision Air Slide Table Series MXP Ø 6, Ø 8, Ø 10, Ø 12, Ø 16



Size Ø 8 introduced to the MXP series

Cylinder: Built-in Linear Guide



SMC

Compact Air Slide Table

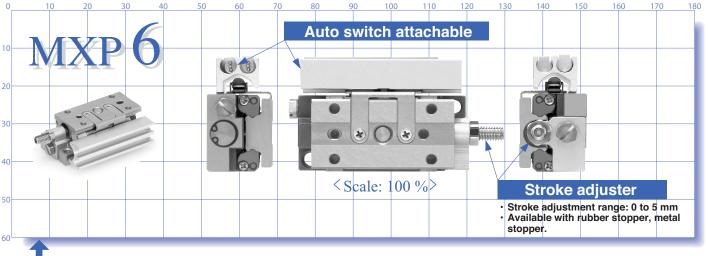
Travelling parallelism*: 0.004 mm Parallelism: 0.02 mm

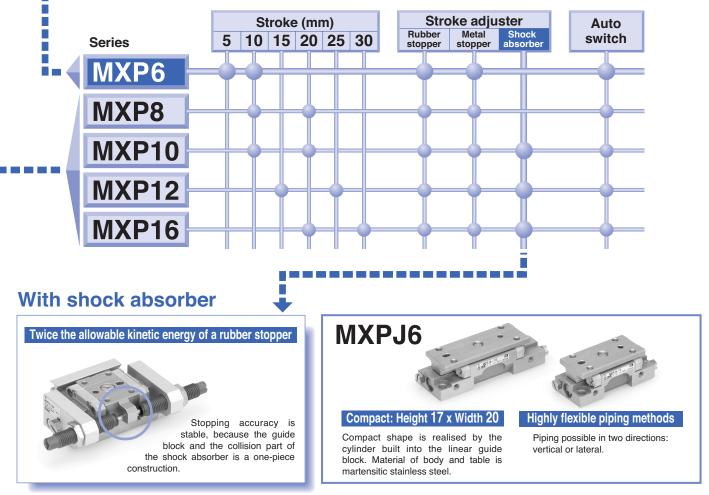
Numerous auto switch variations available

Reed switch, solid state switch, and 2-colour indication solid state switch can be mounted.

* Refer to page 6 for details of the traveling parallelism.

With auto switches and stroke adjuster





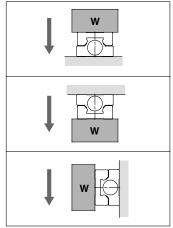
SMC

Series MXP **Model Selection**

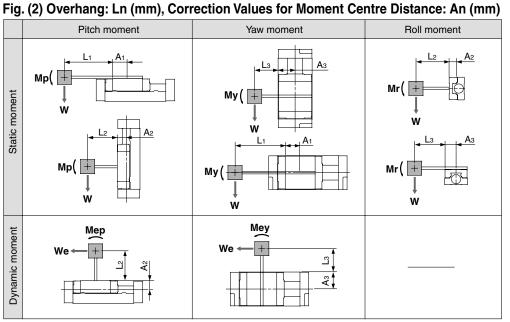
lodel Selection Steps	Formula/Data	Selection Example
Operating Conditions		
Enumerate the operating conditions considering the mounting position and workpiece configuration.	 Model to be used Mounting orientation Average speed Va (mm/s) Load weight W (kg): Fig. (1) Overhang Ln (mm): Fig. (2) 	Cylinder: MXP10-10 Mounting: Horizontal wall mountin Average speed: Va = 300 [mm/s] Allowable load: W = 0.2 L2 = 20 mm L3 = 30 mm
Kinetic Energy		
Find the kinetic energy E (J) of the load.	$E = \frac{1}{2} \cdot W \left(\frac{V}{1000} \right)^{2}$ Collision speed V = <u>1.4</u> ·Va * Correction factor	$E = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0.2 \left(\frac{420}{1000}\right)^2 = 0.018$ V = 1.4 x 300 = 420 Possible to use by E = 0.018 < Emax = 0.045
Confirm that the kinetic energy of the load does not exceed the allowable kinetic energy.	Kinetic energy (E) < Allowable kinetic energy (Emax) Allowable kinetic energy Emax: Table (1)	
Load Factor		
Load Factor of Load Weight		
Find the allowable load weight Wa (kg). Note) No need to consider this load factor in the case of using perpendicularly in a vertical position. (Define $\alpha_1 = 0.$) Find the load factor of the load weight α_1 .	$\label{eq:wasser} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Wa} = \beta \cdot \mbox{Wmax} \\ \mbox{Allowable load weight coefficient β: Graph (1)} \\ \mbox{Max. allowable load weight Wmax: Table (2)} \\ \mbox{α_1 = W/Wa$} \end{array}$	Wa = 1 x 1.2 = 1.2 β = 1 Wmax = 1.2 α 1 = 0.2/1.2 = 0.17
2 Load Factor of Static Moment		
Find the static moment M (N·m).	M = W x 9.8 (Ln + An)/1000 Moment centre position distance compensation amount An: Table (3)	Examine Mr. [As Mp and My does not arise, examination is not needed.]
Find the allowable static moment Ma (N·m).	Ma = ^Y · Mmax Allowable moment coefficient Y: <mark>Graph (2)</mark> Maximum allowable moment Mmax: Table (4)	Mr = $0.2 \times 9.8 (20 + 6.8)/1000 = 0.053$ A ₂ = 6.8 Mar = $1 \times 4.2 = 4.2$ Y = 1
Find the load factor α_2 of the static moment.	α2 = M/Ma	Mrmax = 4.2 α ₂ = 0.053/4.2 = 0.013
Load Factor of Dynamic Mom		
Find the dynamic moment Me (N·m).	$\begin{aligned} \text{Me} &= 1/3 \cdot \text{We x 9.8} - \frac{(\text{Ln} + \text{An})}{1000} \\ \text{Load equivalent to collision We} &= \delta \cdot \text{W} \cdot \text{V} \\ \delta \text{: Damper coefficient} \\ \text{Rubber stopper} &= 4/100 \\ \text{Shock absorber} &= 1/100 \\ \text{Metal stopper} &= 16/100 \\ \text{Corrected value for moment centre position} \\ \text{distance An: Table (3)} \end{aligned}$	Examine Mep. Mep = $1/3 \times 3.36 \times 9.8 \times \frac{(20 + 6.8)}{1000} = 0.29$ We = $4/100 \times 0.2 \times 420 = 3.36$ A ₂ = 6.8 Meap = $0.7 \times 1.7 = 1.19$ $\gamma = 0.7$ Mp max = 1.7
Find the allowable dynamic moment Mea (N·m).	Mea = Y · Mmax Allowable moment coefficient Y: Graph (2) Max. allowable moment Mmax: Table (4)	$\alpha_3 = 0.29/1.19 = 0.24$ Examine Mey. Mey = 1/3 x 3.36 x 9.8 x $\frac{(30 + 10.5)}{1000} = 0.44$
Find the load factor α ₃ of the dynamic moment.	αз = Me/Mea	We = 33.6 A ₁ = 10.5 Meay = 1.19 (Same as Meap) α '3 = 0.44/1.19 = 0.37
		Can be used based on

Precision Air Slide Table Series MXP

Fig. (1) Load Weight: W (kg)



Note) No need to consider this load factor in the case of using perpendicularly in a vertical position.



Note) Static moment: Moment by gravity Dynamic moment: Moment by stopper collision

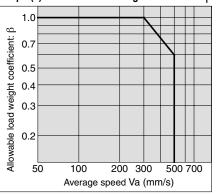
Table (1) Allowable Kinetic Energy: Emax (J)

Model	Allowable kinetic energy				
woder	Rubber stopper	ppper Shock absorber Metal stoppe 0 0.005 3 0.017 5 0.090 0.023	Metal stopper		
MXPJ6	0.010				
MXP 6	0.010		0.005		
MXP 8	0.033		0.017		
MXP10	0.045	0.090	0.023		
MXP12	0.076	0.152	0.038		
MXP16	0.135	0.270	0.068		

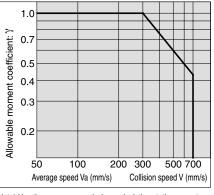
Table (2) Max. Allowable Load Weight: Wmax (kg)

()	• • • •					
Model	Maximum allowable load					
MXPJ6	0.32					
MXP 6						
MXP 8	0.75					
MXP10	1.2					
MXP12	1.7					
MXP16	3					
	•					

Graph (1) Allowable Load Weight Coefficient: β



Graph (2) Allowable Moment Coefficient: Y



Note) Use the average speed when calculating static moment. Use the collision speed when calculating dynamic moment.

Madal	Madal	Moment centre position distance compensation amount (Refer to Fig. (2).)			
Model	Stroke	A 1	A 2	A 3	

Table (3) Moment Centre Position Distance Compensation Amount: An (mm)

MXPJ6	5	18.5	5.3	9	
MXP 6	10	23.5	5.3	9	
MXP 8	10	10.5	7.4		
WIAF 0	20	20.5	7.4	11	
MXP10	10	10.5	6.8	13.5	
WIAP IU	20	19.5	0.0		
MXP12	15	14.5	8	16	
WIAP 12	25	24.5	0		
MXP16	20	20	12.5	22	
IVIAP 10	30	28	12.5	23	

Table (4) Maximum Allowable Moment: Mmax (N·m)

	P	Pitch/Yaw moment: Mpmax/Mymax					Roll moment: Mrmax					
Model		Stroke (mm) Stroke (mm)										
	5	10	15	20	25	30	5	10	15	20	25	30
MXPJ6	1 4	2.3					0.0	0.5				
MXP 6	1.4	2.3	-	_	_	_	2.6	3.5	_	_	_	_
MXP 8	_	1.4	_	5.7	_	—	—	2.6	-	5.6	—	_
MXP10	_	1.7	_	6.3	—	—	—	4.2	-	8.5	—	—
MXP12	_	—	4.5	—	13	_	_	_	9.8	—	17	—
MXP16	_	—	_	12	_	28	_	—	_	26	—	41

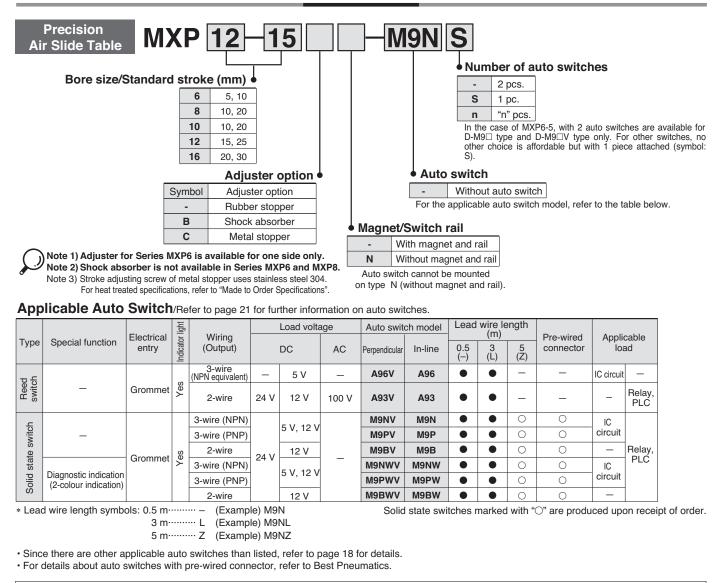
Symbol

Symbol	Definition	Unit	Symbol	Definition	Unit
An (n = 1 to 3)	Correction values of moment centre position distance	mm	V	Collision speed	mm/s
E	Kinetic energy	J	Va	Average speed	mm/s
Emax	Allowable kinetic energy	J	W	Load weight	kg
Ln (n = 1 to 3)	Overhang	mm	Wa	Allowable load weight	kg
M (Mp, My, Mr)	Static moment (pitch, yaw, roll)	N∙m	We	Weight equivalent to impact	kg
Ma (Map, May, Mar)	Allowable static moment (pitch, yaw, roll)	N∙m	Wmax	Max. allowable load weight	kg
Me (Mep, Mey)	Dynamic moment (pitch, yaw)	N∙m	α	Load factor	—
Mea (Meap, Meay)	Allowable dynamic moment (pitch, yaw)	N∙m	β	Allowable load weight coefficient	—
Mmax (Mpmax, Mymax, Mrmax)	Maximum allowable moment (pitch, yaw, roll)	N∙m	γ	Allowable moment coefficient	_

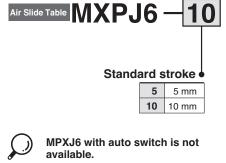


Precision Air Slide Table Series MXP Ø 6, Ø 8, Ø 10, Ø 12, Ø 16

How to Order



MXPJ6/Precision Air Slide Table Ø 6 How to Order



Specifications

Bore size (mm)	6
Piping port size	M3
Fluid	Air
Action	Double acting
Operating pressure	0.15 to 0.7 MPa
Proof pressure	1.05 MPa
Ambient and fluid temperature	–10 to 60 °C
Piston speed	50 to 500 mm/s
Cushion	Rubber bumper
Lubrication	Non-lube
Stroke length tolerance	+1 mm

Theoretical Output

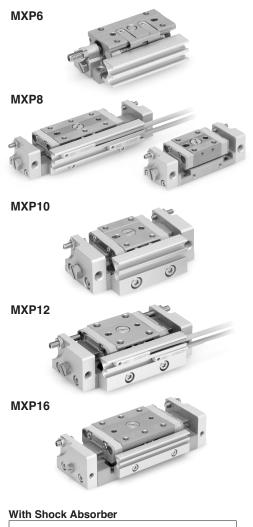
							(N)
Bore size	Piston area	Operating pressure (MPa)					
(mm)	(mm²)	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7
6	28	6	8	11	14	17	20
Stroke	•		We	igh	t		

Stroke

_		_	<u> </u>	
	(mm)	_		(g)
	Standard		Model	Body weight
Model	stroke		MXPJ6-5	80
MXPJ6	5, 10		MXPJ6-10	105









* Exclusive body is to be used for the one with shock absorber. Changing specifications, such as replacing component parts and retrofitting shock absorber is not possible.





Made to Order

Made to Order Specifications (For details, refer to page 24, 25.)

Symbol	Specifications
-X16	Heat treated metal stopper bolt specification
-X23	Axial piping port set screw specification
-X42	Anti-rust guide specification
-X51	Long adjustment nut specification

For clean room specifications, refer to "Pneumatic Clean Series" catalogue.

Specifications

Mo	del	MXP6	MXP8	MXP10	MXP12	MXP16	
Bore size (mm)		6	8	10	12	16	
Piping port size	Piping port size M3 M5						
Fluid				Air			
Action				Double actir	ng		
Operating pres	sure		(0.15 to 0.7 M	Pa		
Proof pressure		1.05 MPa					
Ambient and flu	uid temperature	-10 to 60 °C					
Piston speed (Adjuster option/Metal stopper: 50 to 200 mm/s			/s)				
Cushion		Rubber bumper Shock absorber (Option is not available for Series MXP6 and MXP8) None (Adjuster option/Metal stopper)					
Lubrication		Non-lube					
Stroke adjuster		Standard equipment (Adjustable on one side only, for the MXP6)					
Stroke	Rubber stopper	0 to 5 mm on one side only Each 0 to 3 mm on both ends					
adjustment	Shock absorber		Each 0 to	o 5 mm on b	oth ends		
range	Metal stopper	0 to 6 mm on one side o	nly Each 0 to 5 mm o	n both ends 🛛 E	ach 0 to 4 mm o	n both ends	
		Reed switch (2-wire, 3-wire)					
Auto switch		Solid state switch (2-wire, 3-wire)					
		2-colour indication solid state switch (2-wire, 3-wire)					
Stroke length to	olerance			+1 0 mm			

Theoretical Output

Bore size	e size Piston area		Operating pressure (MPa)						
(mm)	(mm²)	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7		
6	28	6	8	11	14	17	20		
8	50	10	15	20	25	30	35		
10	79	16	24	32	40	47	55		
12	113	23	34	45	57	68	79		
16	201	40	60	80	101	121	141		

Standard Stroke (mm)

Standard stroke
5, 10
10, 20
10, 20
15, 25
20, 30

W

eig	ht	

(g)

(N)

Model	Body weight	Additional weight of magnet and rail
MXP6-5	80	10
MXP6-10	105	10
MXP8-10	100	8
MXP8-20	160	12
MXP10-10	130	13
MXP10-20	210	20
MXP12-15	210	17
MXP12-25	320	23
MXP16-20	640	20
MXP16-30	830	23

Shock Absorber Specifications

Shock absorber model		RB0805	RB0806	
Applicable slide	e table	MXP10/12	MXP16	
Max. energy abso	rption (J)	0.98	2.94	
Stroke absorption	n (mm)	5	6	
Max. collision speed (mm/s)		50 to 500		
Max. operating frequenc	y (cycle/min)	80	80	
Max. allowable the	rust (N)	245	245	
Ambient temperature	e range (C)	-10 to 60		
Convince (All)	Extended	1.96	1.96	
Spring force (N)	Retracted	3.83	4.22	
Weight (g)		15	15	

Minimum Stroke for Auto Switch Mounting

10

(mm)

			,		
No. of auto switches	Applicable auto switch model				
mounted	D-A9□, D-A9□V	D-M9□, D-M9□V	D-M9□W, D-M9□WV		
1 pc.	5	5	5		

5

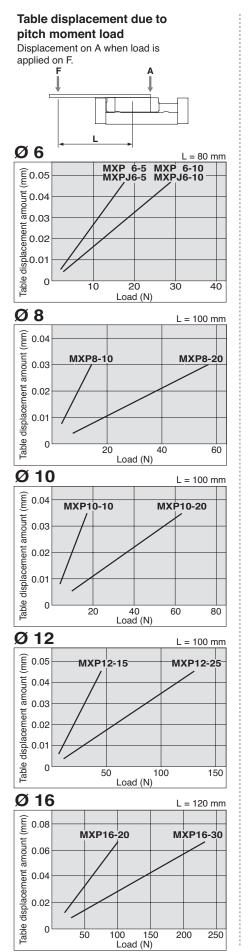


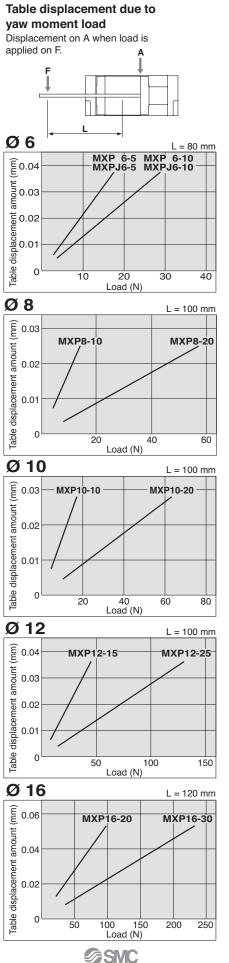
2 pcs.

10

Series MXP

Table Deflection





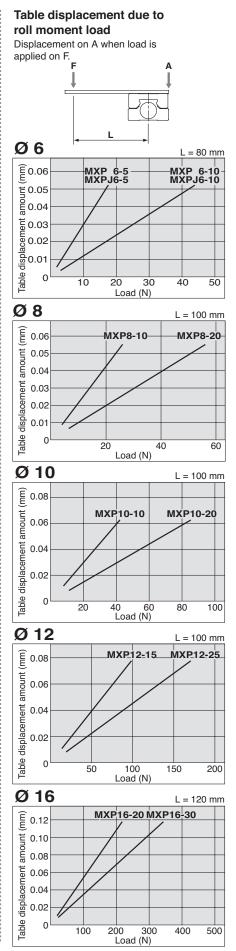
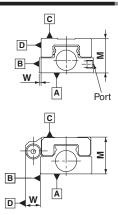
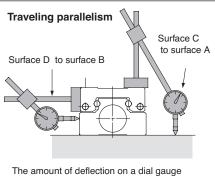


Table Accuracy

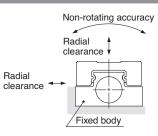




when the guide block travels a full stroke with the body secured on a reference base surface.

With shock absorber

							(11111)
	Model	MXPJ6	MXP6	MXP8	MXP10	MXP12	MXP16
Devallation	Surface C to surface A	0.02					
Parallelism	Surface D to surface B	0.02					
Traveling	Surface C to surface A	0.004					
parallelism	Surface D to surface B	0.004					
M dimension tolerance		0.05					
W dime	W dimension tolerance		0.05				



Model	MXPJ6	MXP6	MXP8	MXP10	MXP12	MXP16
Radial clearance (m)	0 to –2	0 to –2	0 to –3	0 to –3	0 to –5	0 to –7
Table non-rotating accuracy (deg)	ting accuracy (deg)		0 ^N	ote)		

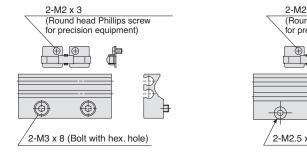
Note) In theory, non-rotating table accuracy is zero by the preloaded specification. However, in some actual cases, a moment can be applied and can cause deflection in an individual part. Therefore, refer to the table displacement amount on page 5.

Option Specifications

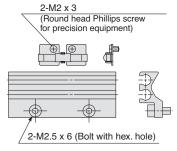
Rail assembly for mounting auto switch

When auto switch is mounted on air slide table without rail (MXP□-□N), this assembly is used.

Dimensions

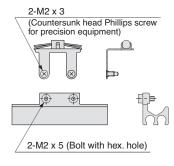


MXP10, 12, 16



(mm)

MXP8





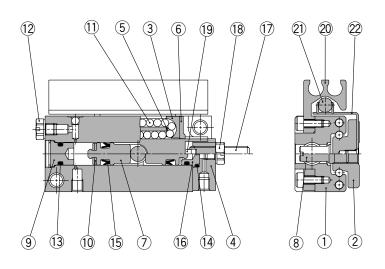
Applicable size	Switch rail part no.	Note
MXP6-5	MXP-AD6-5	
MXP6-10	WIXP-AD0-5	
MXP8-10	MXP-AD8-10	
MXP8-20	MXP-AD8-20	
MXP10-10	MXP-AD10-10	With magnet and
MXP10-20	MXP-AD10-20	mounting screw
MXP12-15	MXP-AD12-15	
MXP12-25	MXP-AD12-25	
MXP16-20	MXP-AD10-20	
MXP16-30	MXP-AD12-25	

Note) MXP16-20 and MXP10-20 are common. MXP16-30 and MXP12-25 are common.

Series **MXP**

Construction

MXP6



Component Parts

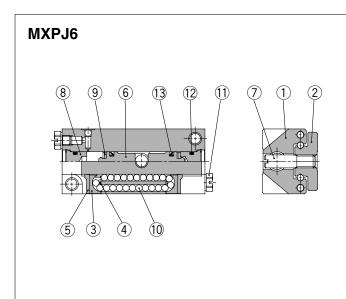
No.	Description	Material	Note
1	Body	Stainless steel	Heat treated
2	Table	Stainless steel	Heat treated
3	Cover	Resin	
4	End plate	Aluminum alloy	Hard anodized
5	Return guide	Resin	
6	Scraper	Stainless steel, NBR	
7	Piston	Brass	Electroless nickel plated
8	Joint shaft	Carbon steel	Electroless nickel plated
9	End cap	Brass	Electroless nickel plated
10	Rod bumper	Polyurethane	
11	Steel ball	High carbon chrome bearing steel	
12	Plug	Brass, Stainless steel, NBR	Electroless nickel plated

Component Parts

No.	Description	Material	Note
13	O-ring	NBR	
14	O-ring	NBR	
15	Piston seal	NBR	
16	End cap	Brass	Electroless nickel plated
17	Adjusting bolt	Carbon steel (Rubber stopper)	Nickel plated
17		Stainless steel (Metal stopper)	
18	Adjusting nut	Carbon steel	Nickel plated
19	Adjusting bumper	Polyurethane	
20	Switch rail	Aluminum alloy	Hard anodized
21	Magnet	Rare earth	
22	Magnet holder	Steel	Nickel plated

Replacement Parts: Seal Kit

Bore size (mm)	Kit no.	Contents
6	MXP6-PS	2 pieces each of no. $\textcircled{3}$ and $\textcircled{5}$ and 1 piece of no. $\textcircled{4}$



Component Parts									
No.	Description	Material	Note						
1	Body	Stainless steel	Heat treated						
2	Table	Stainless steel	Heat treated						
3	Cover	Resin							
4	Return guide	Resin							
5	Scraper	Stainless steel, NBR							
6	Piston	Brass	Electroless nickel plated						
7	Joint shaft	Carbon steel	Electroless nickel plated						
8	End cap	Brass	Electroless nickel plated						
9	Rod bumper	Polyurethane							
10	Steel ball	High carbon chrome bearing steel							
11	Plug	Brass, Stainless steel, NBR	Electroless nickel plated						
12	O-ring	NBR							
13	Piston seal	NBR							

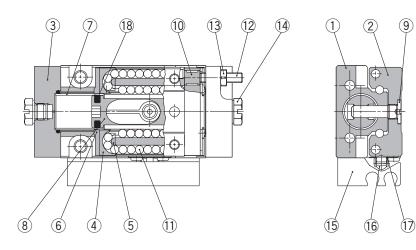
Replacement Parts: Seal Kit

SMC

Bore size (mm)	Kit no.	Contents					
6	MXPJ6-PS	2 pieces of no. $\textcircled{1}{2}$ and $\textcircled{1}{3}$					

7

MXP8,10,12,16



Component Parts

No.	Description	Material	Note
1	Body	Stainless steel	Heat treated
2	Guide block	Stainless steel	Heat treated
3	End plate	Aluminum alloy	Hard anodized
4	Cover	Resin	
5	Return guide	Resin	
6	Scraper	Stainless steel, NBR	
7	Tube	Brass	Electroless nickel plated (except Ø 8)
8	Piston	Resin	
9	Joint shaft	Carbon steel	Electroless nickel plated
10	Adjust bumper	Polyurethane	

Component Parts

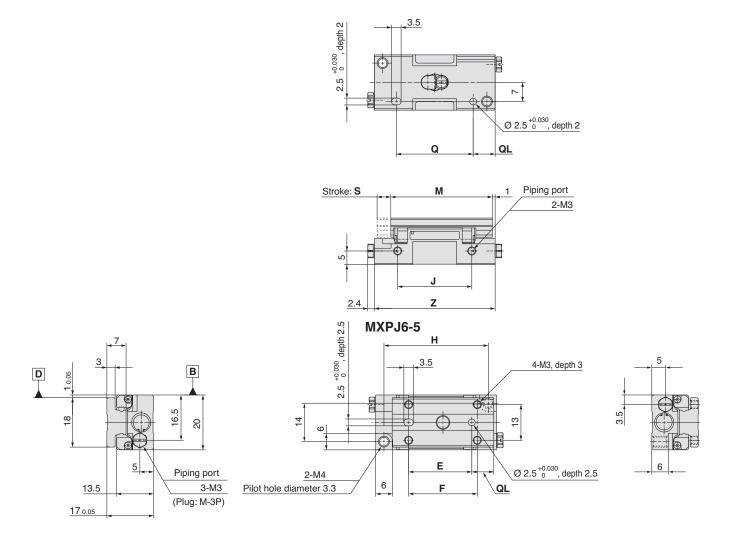
No.	Description	Material	Note
11	Steel ball	High carbon chrome bearing steel	
12	Adjusting bolt	Carbon steel (Rubber stopper)	Nickel plated
12	Adjusting bolt	Stainless steel (Metal stopper)	
13	Adjust nut	Carbon steel	Nickel plated
14	Plug	Brass, Stainless steel, NBR	Electroless nickel plated
15	Switch rail	Aluminum alloy	Hard anodized
16	Magnet	Rare earth	
17	Magnet holder	Steel	Electroless nickel plated
18	Piston seal	NBR	

Replacement Parts: Seal Kit

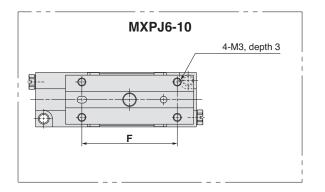
Bore size (mm)	Kit no.	Contents						
8	MXP8-PS							
10	MXP10-PS	O sisses of so D						
12	MXP12-PS	2 pieces of no. 18						
16	MXP16-PS							

Series MXP

Dimensions: MXPJ6

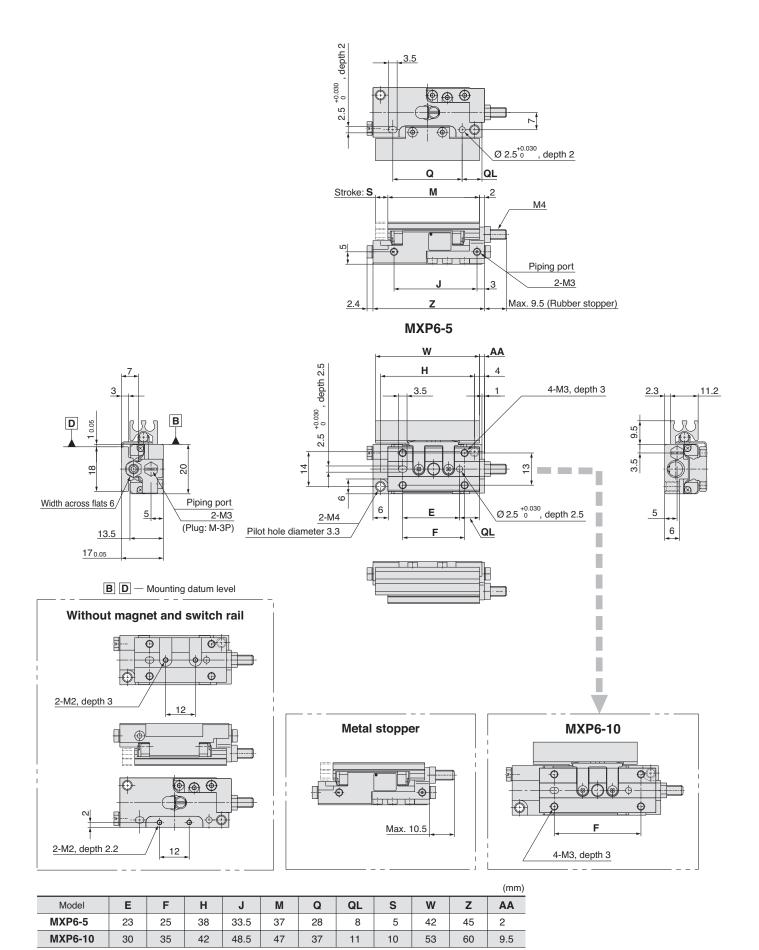


B D — Mounting datum level



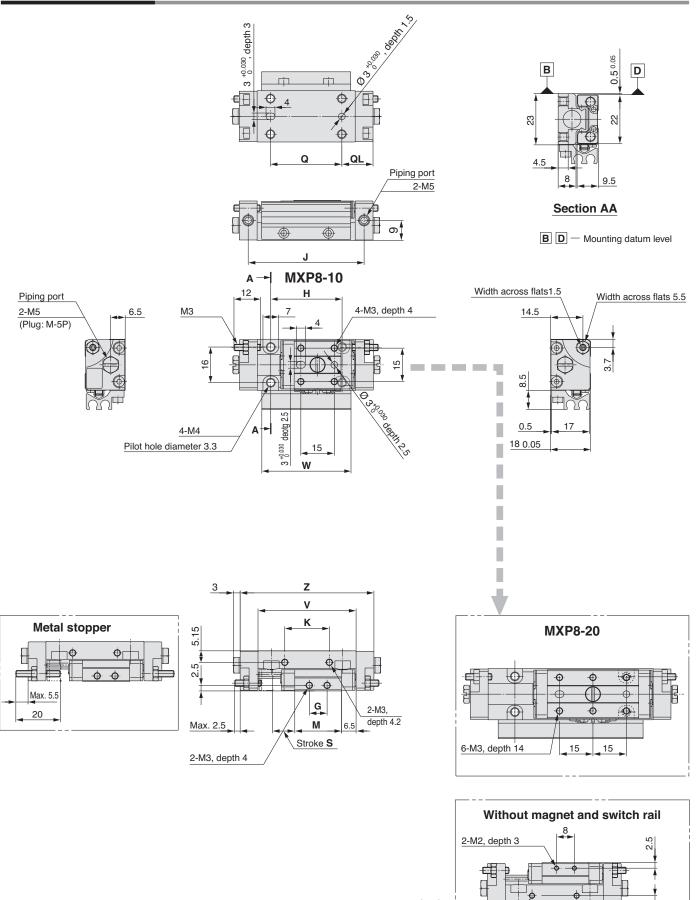
									(mm)
Model	Е	F	Н	J	М	Q	QL	S	Z
MXPJ6-5	23	25	38	27	37	28	8	5	44
MXPJ6-10	30	35	53	42	47	37	11	10	59
9 ØSVC									

Dimensions: MXP6



Series MXP

Dimensions: MXP8



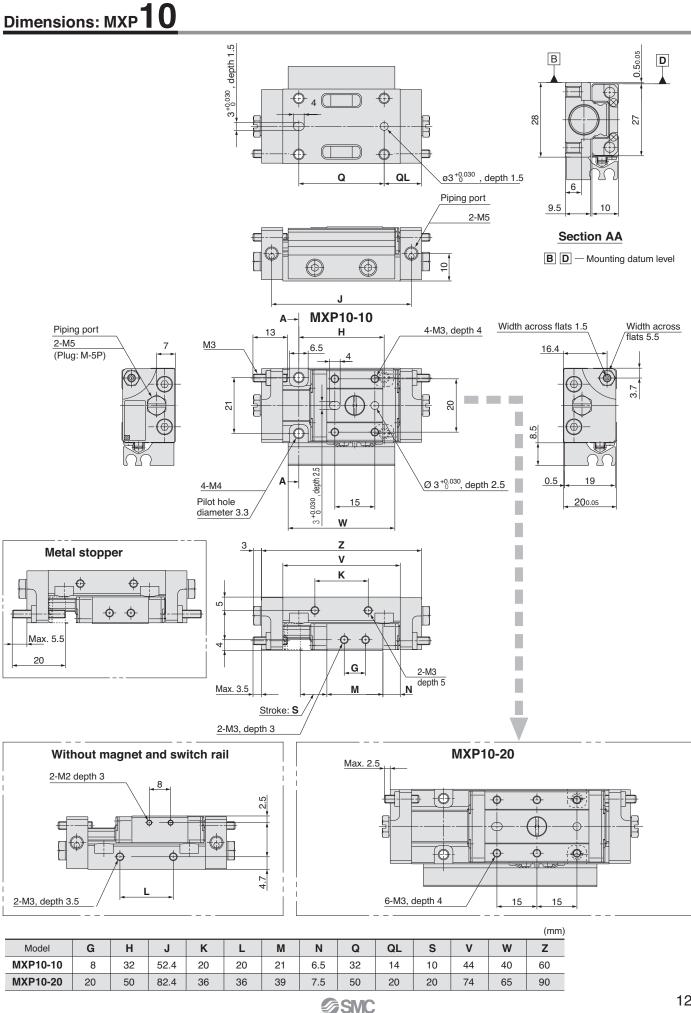
SMC

3.15

L

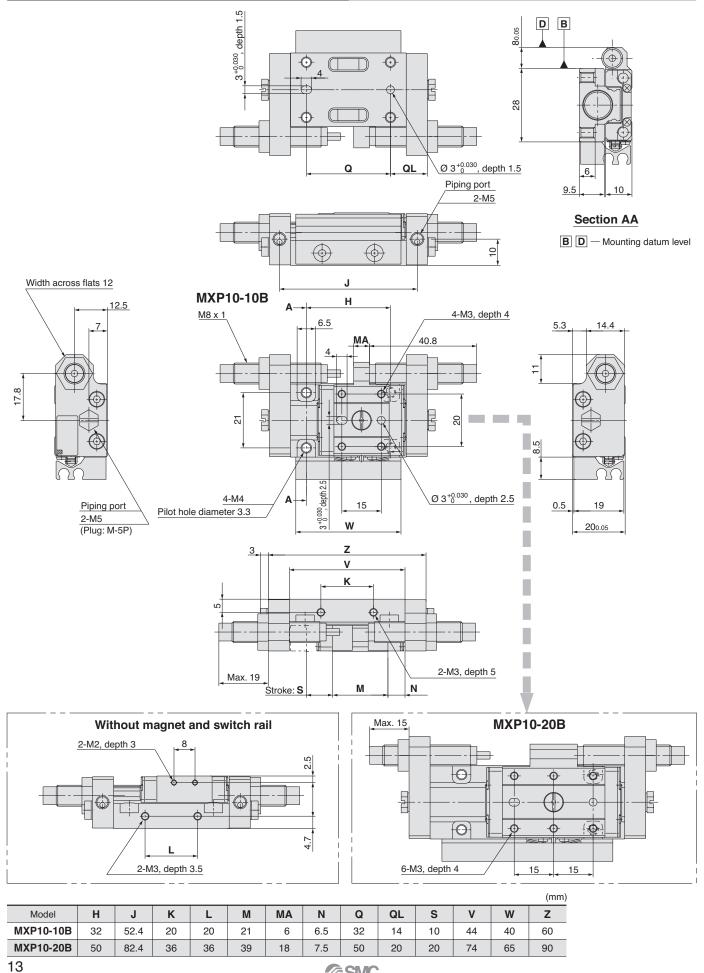
2-M2.5, depth 4

												(mm)
Model	G	н	J	К	L	М	Q	QL	S	V	W	Z
MXP8-10	8	32	52	20	20	21	32	14	10	44	40	60
MXP8-20	20	50	82	36	36	41	50	20	20	74	65	90



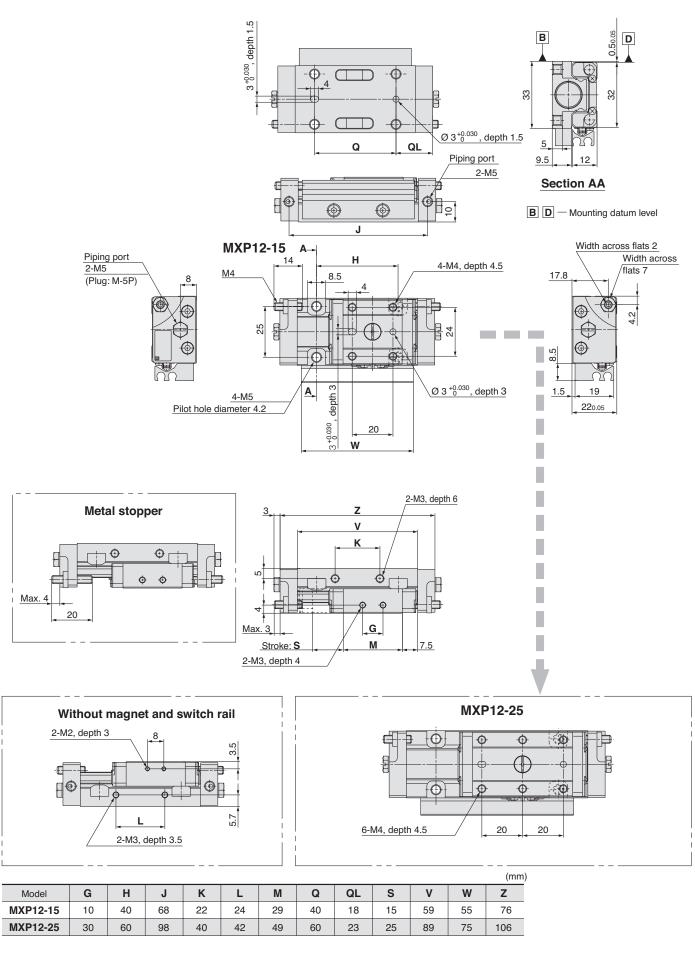
Series MXP

Dimensions: MXP **10** with Shock Absorber

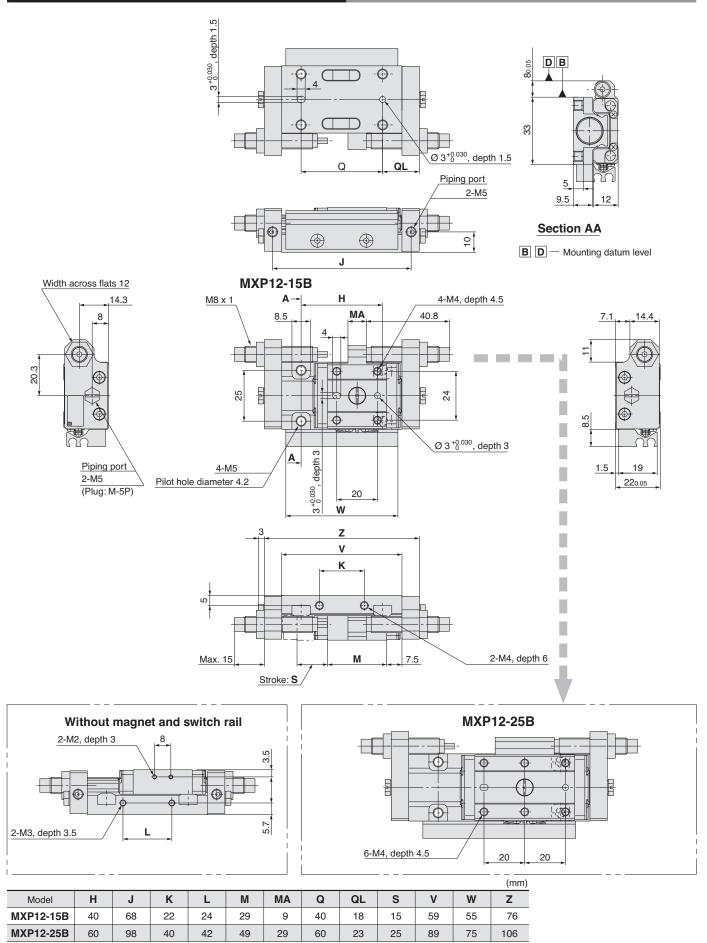




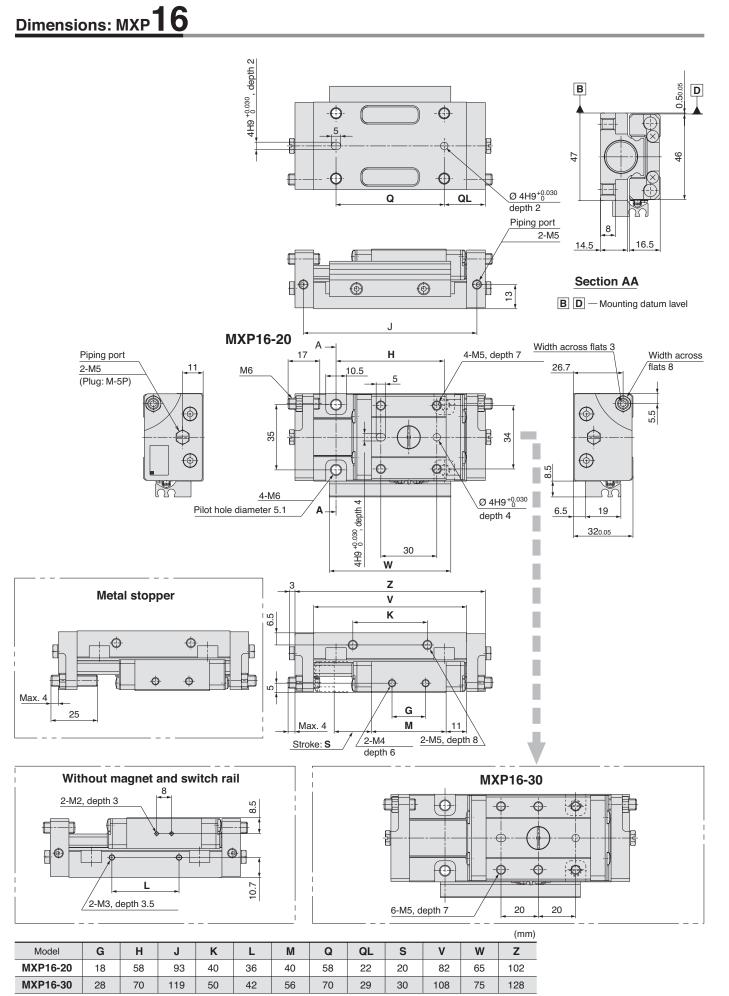
Dimensions: MXP 12



Dimensions: MXP **12** with Shock Absorber

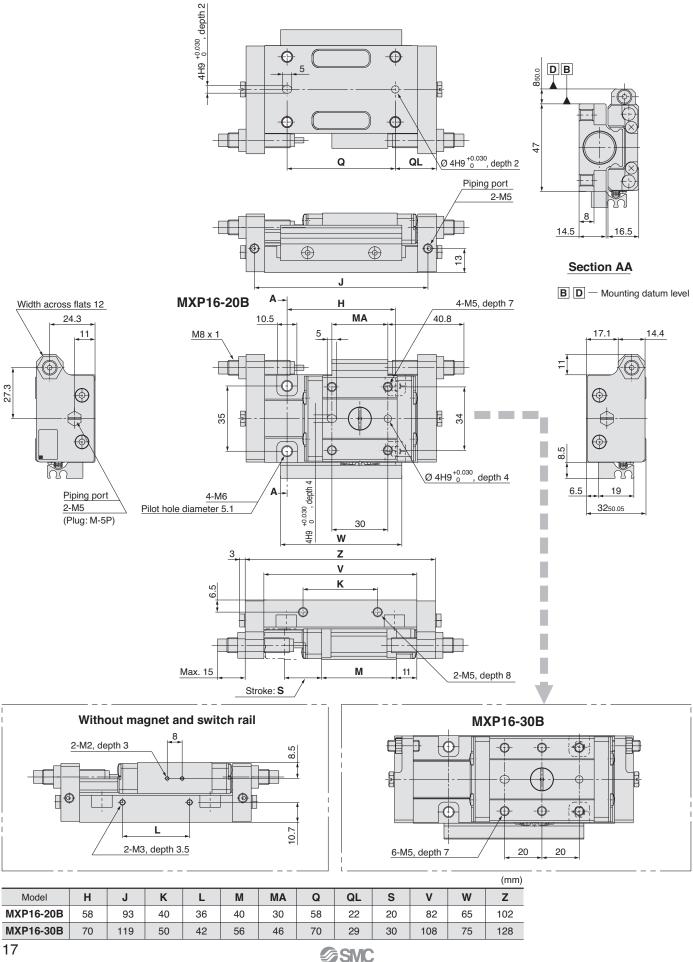






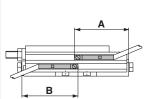
Series MXP

Dimensions: MXP 16 with Shock Absorber



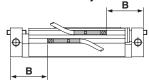
Auto Switch Proper Mounting Position (Detection at Stroke End)

MXP8,10,12,16 • Electrical entry from outside



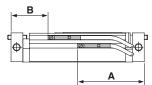
MXP6

Electrical entry from inside



Δ

Parallel electrical entry



Reed Auto Switch D-A90(V), D-A93(V), D-A96(V) (mm)

Model		Stroke (mm)						
IVIOU	ei	10 15 20			25	30		
MXP8	Α	35	_	45	-	-		
INIXP8	В	15	_	25				
MXP10	Α	35	_	45	-			
IVIAP IU	В	15	—	25	_	-		
MXP12	Α	-	40.5	_	50.5	Ι		
IVIXP12	В	-	20.5	_	30.5			
MXP16	Α	_	_	51		59		
MXP16	В	_	_	31	_	39		

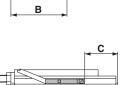
Solid State Auto Switch D-M9B(V), D-M9N(V), D-M9P(V) (mm)

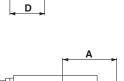
Model		Stroke (mm)						
IVIOU	ei	10	15	20	25	30		
MXP8	Α	31	_	41	_	_		
IVIAPO	В	19	—	29	—	_		
	Α	31	—	41	—	_		
MXP10	В	19	-	29	-	—		
MXP12	Α	-	36.5	_	46.5	_		
IVIAP 12	В	-	24.5	_	34.5	—		
MXP16	Α	_	_	47	_	55		
IVIAP16	В	_	-	35	_	43		

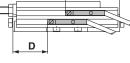
2-Color Indicator, Solid State Auto Switch D-M9BW(V), D-M9NW(V), D-M9PW(V), D-M9 \square A(V) (mm)

Model		Stroke (mm)						
IVIOU	31	10	15	20	25	30		
MXP8	Α	31	—	41	—	—		
IVIAPO	В	19	—	29	—	_		
	Α	31	1 — 41		-			
MXP10	В	19	_	29	-			
MXP12	Α	_	36.5	_	46.5			
WIXP12	В	_	24.5	_	34.5			
	Α	_	_	47	_	55		
MXP16	В	-	_	35	—	43		

Note) Adjust the auto switch after confirming the operating conditions in the actual setting.







Reed Auto Switch D-A90(V), D-A93(V), D-A96(V)

Mode	~l	Stroke (mm)
IVIOU	ei	10
	Α	34.5
MXP6	В	35.5
WIAPO	С	14.5
	D	15.5

Solid State Auto Switch D-M9B(V), D-M9N(V), D-M9P(V)

	Mad	~ I	Stroke (mm)			
	Mode	ei	5	10		
		Α	25.5	30.5		
	MXP6	В	26.5	31.5		
	IVIAPO	С	13.5	18.5		
		D	14.5	19.5		

2-Color Indicator, Solid State Auto Switch D-M9BW(V), D-M9NW(V), D-M9PW(V), D-M9□A(V)

Mad	Model		e (mm)		
IVIOU			10		
	Α	25.5	30.5		
MXP6	В	26.5	31.5		
WIAFO	С	13.5	18.5		
	D	14.5	19.5		

Operating Range

					(mm)
A de avitet a se de l	Applicable bore size				
Auto switch model	6	8	10	12	16
D-A9□/A9□V	5	5	5	5	5
D-M9□/M9□V D-M9□W/M9□WV D-M9□A/M9□AV	3	3	3.5	3	3

Minimum Auto Switch Mounting Stroke

			(mm)		
	Applicable auto switch model				
No. of auto switches mounted	D-A9□ D-A9□V	D-M9□ D-M9□V	D-M9⊟W D-M9⊟WV D-M9⊟AV		
1 pc.	5	5	5		
2 pcs.	10	5	10		

Auto Switch Mounting

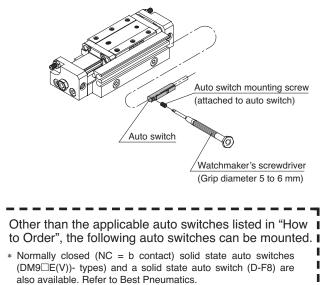
A Caution

Auto Switch Mounting Tool

• Use the watchmaker's screwdriver with a handle diameter 5 to 6 mm when tightening the auto switch mounting screw (attached to auto switch).

Tightening Torque

<u> </u>							
Tightening Torque of Auto Switch Mounting Screw (N·m)							
Auto switch model Tightening torque							
D-A9□(V)	0.10 to 0.20						
D-M9□(V) D-M9□W(V)	0.05 to 0.15						
D-M9□A(V)	0.05 to 0.10						

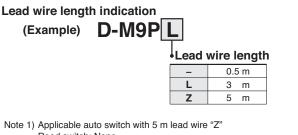


Series MXP **Auto Switch Specifications**

Auto Switch Common Specifications

Туре	Reed switch	Solid state switch				
Leakage current	None	3-wire: 100 A or less 2-wire: 0.8 mA or less				
Operating time	1.2 ms	1 ms or less				
Impact resistance	300 m/s ²	1000 m/s ²				
Insulation resistance	50 M or more at 500 VDC Meg	50 M or more at 500 VDC Mega (between lead wire and case)				
Withstand voltage	1000 VAC for 1 minute (be	1000 VAC for 1 minute (between lead wire and case)				
Ambient temperature	–10 to 60 °C					
Enclosure	IEC529 standard IP67, JIS C 0920 watertight construction					

Lead Wire Length



Reed switch: None

Solid state switch: Manufactured upon receipt of order as standard. Note 2) To designate solid state switches with flexible specifications, add "-61" after the lead wire length.

Oilproof flexible heavy-duty cord is used for D-M9 as standard. There is no need to suffix -61 to the end of part number.

(Example) D-M9PWVL- 61

•Flexible specification

Contact Protection Box: CD-P11, CD-P12

<Applicable switch model>

D-A9NA9

The auto switches above do not have a built-in contact protection circuit. Therefore, please use a contact protection box with the switch for any of the following cases:

(1) Where the operation load is an inductive load.

2 Where the wiring length to load is greater than 5 m.

③ Where the load voltage is 100 VAC.

The contact life may be shortened. (Due to permanent energising conditions.)

Specifications

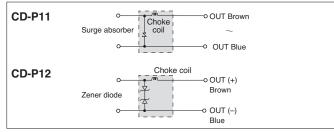
Part No.	CD-	CD-P12	
Load voltage	100 VAC	24 VDC	
Maximum load current	25 mA	12.5 mA	50 mA

Lead wire length Switch conneciton side 0.5 m

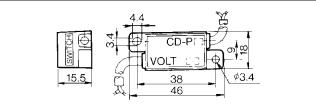
Load connection side 0.5 m



Internal Circuit



Dimension

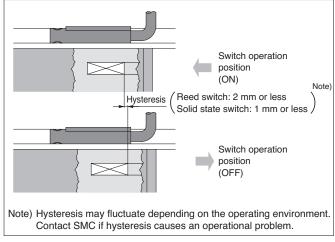


Connection

To connect a switch unit to a contact protection box, connect the lead wire from the side of the contact protection box marked SWITCH to the lead wire coming out of the switch unit. Keep the switch as close as possible to the contact protection box, with a lead wire length of no more than 1 metre.

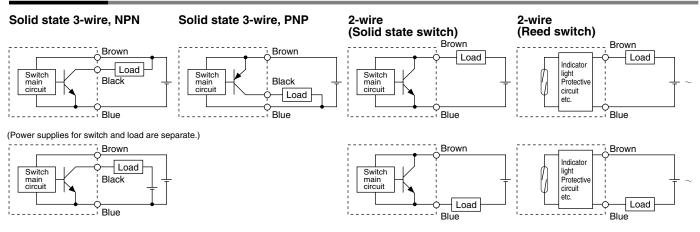
Auto Switch Hysteresis

The hysteresis is the difference between the position of the auto switch as it turns "on" and as it turns "off". A part of operating range (one side) includes this hysteresis.

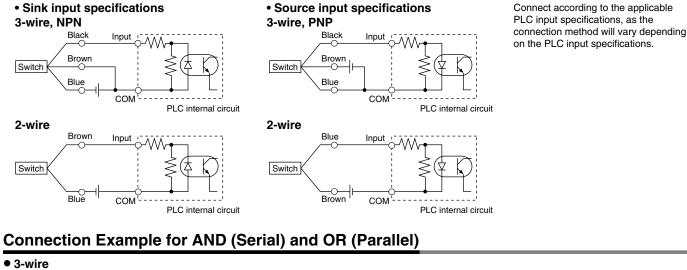


Series MXP **Auto Switch Connections and Examples**

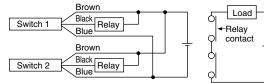
Basic Wiring



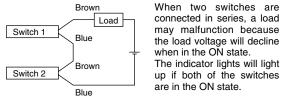
Example of Connection to PLC (Programmable Logic Controller)

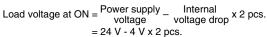


AND connection for NPN output (using relays)

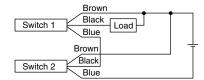


2-wire with 2-switch AND connection



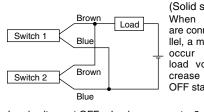


AND connection for NPN output (performed with switches only)



The indicator lights will light up when both switches are turned ON.

2-wire with 2-switch OR connection



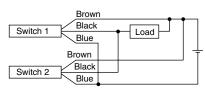
Load voltage at OFF = Leakage current x 2 pcs. x Load impedance = 1 mA x 2 pcs. x 3 kΩ = 6 V

Example: Load impedance is 3 kΩ.

(Solid state swich) When two switches are connected in parallel. a malfunction may occur because the load voltage will increase when in the OFF state.

Leakage current from switch is 1 mA.

OR connection for NPN output



(Reed switch)

Because there is no current leakage, the load voltage will not increase when turned OFF. However, depending on the number of switches in the ON state, the indicator lights may sometimes dim or not light because of the dispersion and reduction of the current flowing to the switches

Reed Switch: Direct Mounting Style D-A90(V)/D-A93(V)/D-A96(V) (€

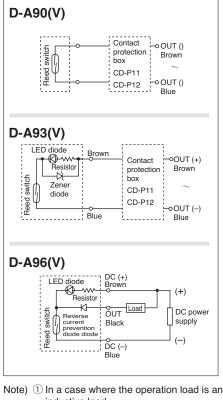
Grommet **Electrical entry : In-line**



Caution **Operating Precautions**

Fix the switch with the existing screw installed on the switch body. The switch may be damaged if a screw other than the one supplied, is used.

Auto Switch Internal Circuit



inductive load.

- 2 In a case where the wiring load is
- greater than 5 m.
- ③ In a case where the load voltage is 100 VAC

Please use the auto switch with a contact

protection box any of the above mentioned cases. (For details about the contact protection box, refer to page 19.)

Auto Switch Specifications

For details about certified products conforming to international standards, visit us at www.smc.eu.

Unit: g

Unit: mm

	PLC: Abbreviation for Programmable Logic Controller					
D-A90/D-A90V	D-A90/D-A90V (without indicator light)					
Auto switch part no.		D-A90/D-A90V				
Applicable load		IC circuit, Relay, PLC				
Load voltage	24 V AC/DC or less	48 V AC/DC or less	100 V AC/DC or less			
Maximum load current	50 mA	40 mA	20 mA			
Contact protection circuit		None				
Internal resistance	1 or less (including lead wire length of 3 m)					
D-A93/D-A93V/D-A96/D-A96V (with indicator light)						
Auto switch part no.	D-A93/	D-A96/D-A96V				
Applicable load	Relay	r, PLC	IC circuit			
Load voltage	24 VDC	100 VAC	4 to 8 VDC			
Load current range and max. load current	5 to 40 mA	5 to 40 mA 5 to 20 mA				
Contact protection circuit		None				
Internal voltage drop	D-A93 — 2.4 V or less (to 2 D-A93V — 2.7 V or less	0.8 V or less				
Indicator light		Red LED lights when ON				

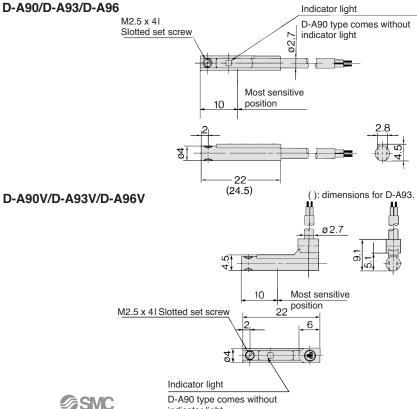
I ead wires

D-A90(V)/D-A93(V) — Oilproof vinyl heavy-duty cord: Ø 2.7, 0.18 mm² x 2 cores (Brown, Blue), 0.5 m D-A96(V) — Oilproof vinyl heavy-duty cord: Ø 2.7, 0.15 mm² x 3 cores (Brown, Black, Blue), 0.5 m Note 1) Refer to page 19 for reed switch common specifications and lead wire length. Note 2) Refer to page 19 for lead wire lengths.

Weight

Auto switch model	D-A90	D-A90V	D-A93	D-A93V	D-A96	D-A96V
Lead wire length: 0.5 m	6	6	6	6	8	8
Lead wire length: 3 m	30	30	30	30	41	41

Dimensions



D-A90 type comes without indicator light

Solid State Switch: Direct Mounting Style D-M9N(V)/D-M9P(V)/D-M9B(V) ((

Grommet

 2-wire load current is reduced (2.5 to 40 mA)

Lead-free

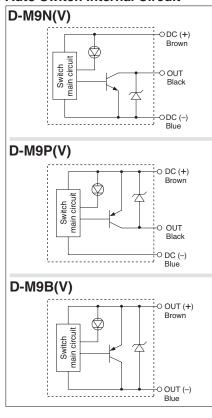
• UL certified (style 2844) lead cable is used.



Caution Operating Precautions

Fix the switch with the existing screw installed on the switch body. The switch may be damaged if a screw other than the one supplied, is used.

Auto Switch Internal Circuit



Auto Switch Specifications

For details about certified products conforming to international standards, visit us at <u>www.smc.eu</u>.

PLC: Abbreviation of Programmable Logic Controller						
D-M9□, D-M9□V (With indicator light)						
Auto switch part no.	D-M9N	D-M9NV	D-M9P	D-M9PV	D-M9B	D-M9BV
Electrical entry direction	In-line	Perpendicular	In-line	Perpendicular	In-line	Perpendicular
Wiring type	3-wire				2-v	vire
Output type	N	NPN PNP			_	
Applicable load	IC circuit, Relay, PLC			24 VDC relay, PLC		
Power supply voltage	5, 12, 24 VDC (4.5 to 28 V)			—		
Current consumption		10 mA	or less		—	
Load voltage	28 VD0	C or less	-	_	24 VDC (10	to 28 VDC)
Load current	40 mA or less			2.5 to	40 mA	
Internal voltage drop	0.8 V or less			4 V o	or less	
Leakage current	100 A or less at 24 VDC			0.8 mA	or less	
Indicator light	Red LED lights when ON.					

Lead wires

Oilproof vinyl heavy-duty cord: Ø 2.7 x 3.2 ellipse, 0.15 mm²,

D-M9B(V) 0.15 mm² x 2 cores

D-M9N(V), D-M9P(V) 0.15 mm² x 3 cores

Note 1) Refer to page 19 for solid state switch common specifications. Note 2) Refer to page 19 for lead wire lengths.

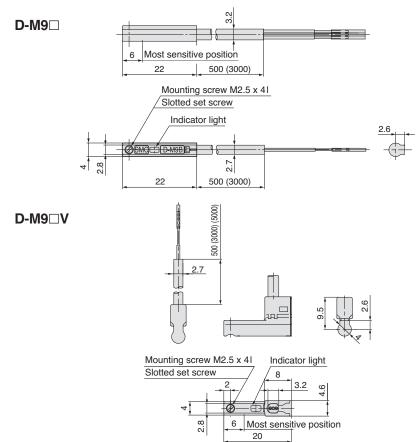
Weight

Unit: g

Auto switch model		D-M9N(V)	D-M9P(V)	D-M9B(V)
	0.5	8	8	7
Lead wire length (m)	3	41	41	38
	5	68	68	63

Dimensions

Unit: mm



2-colour Indication, Solid State Switch: Direct Mounting Style D-F9NW(V)/D-F9PW(V)/D-F9BW(V) CE

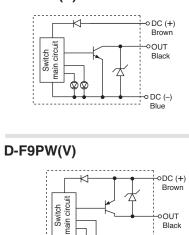


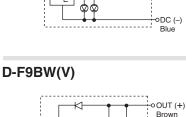
▲Caution Operating Precautions

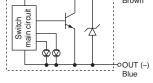
Fix the switch with the existing screw installed on the switch body. The switch may be damaged if a screw other than the one supplied, is used.

Auto Switch Internal Circuit

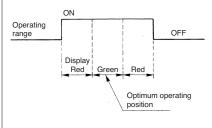
D-F9NW(V)







Indicator light/Display method



Auto Switch Specifications

For details about certified products conforming to international standards, visit us at <u>www.smc.eu</u>.

PLC: Abbreviation for Programmable Logic Controller							
D-F9 W/D-F9 WV (with indicator light)							
Auto switch part no.	D-F9NW	D-F9NWV	D-F9PW	D-F9PWV	D-F9BW	D-F9BWV	
Electrical entry direction	In-line	Perpendicular	In-line	Perpendicular	In-line	Perpendicular	
Wiring type		3-w	vire		2-	wire	
Output type	N	PN	PI	٧P		_	
Applicable load		IC circuit, Relay, PLC				relay, PLC	
Power supply voltage	5,	5, 12, 24 VDC (4.5 to 28 VDC)				_	
Current consumption		10 mA or less			_		
Load voltage	28 VDC	or less	-	_	24 VDC (10 to 28 VDC		
Load current	40 mA	or less	80 mA	or less	5 to 40 mA		
Internal voltage drop	(0.8 V or le	or less ss at 10 mA urrent)	0.8 V	or less	4 V or less		
Leakage current		100 A or less at 24 VDC			0.8 m/	A or less	
Indicator light	Operating position Red LED lights up Optimum operating position Green LED lights up						

Lead wires

Oilproof vinyl heavy-duty cord: Ø 2.7, 0.15 mm² x 3 cores (Brown, Black Blue), 0.18 mm² x 2 cores (Brown, Blue), 0.5 m

Note 1) Refer to page 19 for reed switch common specifications.

Note 1) Refer to page 19 for reed switch common specific Note 2) Refer to page 19 for lead wire lengths.

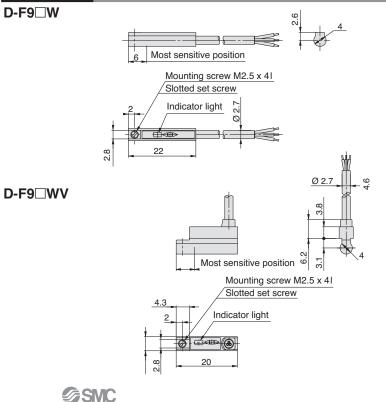
Weight

Unit: g

Auto switch model		D-F9NW(V)	D-F9PW(V)	D-F9BW(V)
	0.5	7	7	7
Lead wire length (m)	3	34	34	32
(11)	5	56	56	52

Dimensions

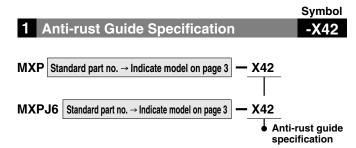
Unit: mm



Series MXP Made to Order Specifications

Made-to-Order Application Chart

Made-to-order contents		MXPJ6	MXP6	MXP8	MXP10	MXP12	MXP16	Note
① Anti-rust guide	X42		ightarrow					
② Heat treated metal stopper bolt	X16		ightarrow					Metal stopper only
③ Axial piping port set screw	X23		\bullet					
④ Long adjustment nut	X51							Except with shock absorber



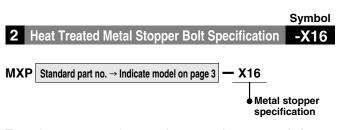
Martensitic stainless steel is used for the body, table and guide block, but if greater rust prevention is required use this specification.

The body, table and guide block undergo an anti-rust treatment.

Specifications

Model	Anti-rust type		
Bore size (mm)	6, 8, 10, 12, 16		
Fluid	Air		
Surface treatment	Special anti-rust treatment Note 2)		
Note 1) Dimensions are the same as the standard type.			

Note 2) The body, table and guide block are block due to the special anti-rust treatment.



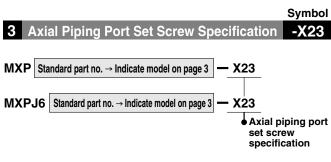
To reduce wear on the metal stopper, heat treated chrome molybdenum steel (SCM435) is used for the stroke adjustment screw.

Specifications

Bore size (mm)	6	8, 10, 12	16	
Fluid		Air		
Speed range		50 to 200 mm/S		
Cushion	None			
Stroke adjustment	One side only 0 to 5 mmOne side only 0 to 5 mmOne side only 0 to 4 mm			

Construction/Dimensions (Dimensions are the same as standard. Refer to pages 10 to 17.)

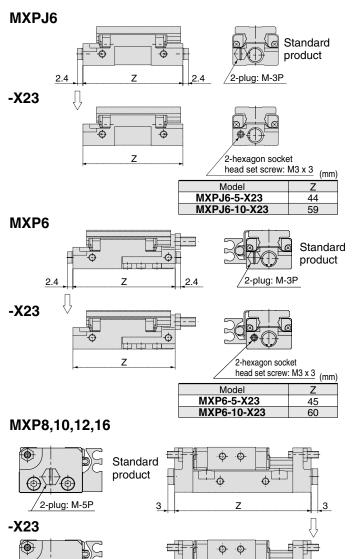
Series MXP

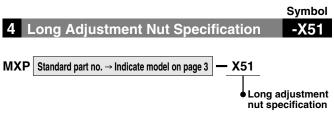


The axial piping port plug (M-3P, M-5P) is changed to a hexagon socket head set screw, and the overall length is shortened.

Note: The hexagon socket head screw is secured with an anaerobic adhesive and cannot be removed.

Dimensions





The overall length of the adjustment nut is increased to allow stroke adjustment work from any direction.

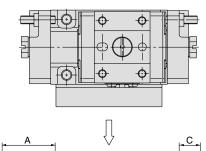
Dimensions

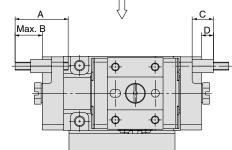
MXP8,10,12,16

Standard

product

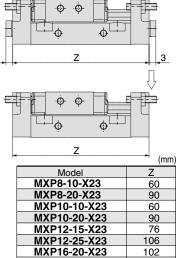
-X51





				(mm)
Model	A	В	С	D
MXP8-□-X51	20	10.5	8	4.5
MXP10-□-X51	20	10.5	8	4.5
MXP12-□-X51	20	9	9	5
MXP16-□-X51	25	12	10	6





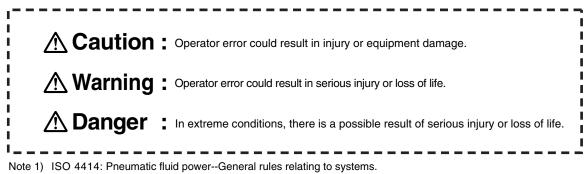
MXP16-30-X23



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Series MXP Safety Instructions

The following safety instructions are intended to prevent a hazardous situation and/or equipment damage. The instructions indicate the level of potential hazard by labels of **"Caution", "Warning"** or **"Danger"**. To ensure safety, please observe all safety practices, including ISO 4414 ^{Note 1}) and JIS B 8370 ^{Note 2}).



Note 2) JIS B 8370: General Rules for Pneumatic Equipment

Warning

1. The compatibility of pneumatic equipment is the responsibility of the person who designs the pneumatic system or decides its specifications.

Since the products specified here are used in various operating conditions, their compatibility with a specific pneumatic system must be based on specifications, post analysis and/or tests to meet a specific requirement. The expected performance and safety assurance is the responsibility of the person who determines the compatibility of the system. This person should continuously review the suitability of all specified items by referring to the latest information in the catalogue and by taking into consideration the possibility of equipment failure when configuring the system.

2. Only trained personnel should operate pneumatically operated machinery and equipment.

Compressed air can be dangerous if an operator is unfamiliar with it. Assembly, handling or repair of pneumatic systems should be performed by trained and experienced operators.

- 3. Do not service machinery/equipment or attempt to remove components until safety is confirmed.
 - 1. Inspection and maintenance of machinery/equipment should only be performed once measures to prevent falling or runaway of the driver objects have been confirmed.
 - 2. When equipment is to be removed, confirm the all safety precautions have been followed. Cut the supply pressure for this equipment and exhaust all residual compressed air in the system.
 - 3. Before restarting any machinery/equipment, excercise caution to prevent quick extension of a cylinder piston rod, etc.

4. Contact SMC if the product is to be used in any of the following conditions:

- 1. Conditions and environments beyond the given specifications, or if product is used outdoors.
- Installation on equipment in conjunction with atomic energy, railway, air navigation, vehicles, medical equipment, food and beverages, recreation equipment, emergency stop circuits, clutch and brake circuits in press applications, or safety equipment.
- 3. An application which has the possibility of having a negative effect on people, property, or animals, requiring special safety analysis.

Series MXP Actuator Precautions 1

Be sure to read before handling.

Caution on Design

A Warning

1. There is a possibility of dangerous sudden action by air cylinders if sliding parts of machinery are twisted due to external forces, etc.

In such cases, human injury may occur; e.g., by catching hands or feet in the machinery, or damage to the machinery itself may occur. Therefore, the machine should be adjusted to operate smoothly and designed to avoid such dangers.

2. A protective cover is recommended to minimise the risk of personal injury.

If a stationary object and moving parts of a cylinder are in close proximity, personal injury may occur. Design the structure to avoid contact with the human body.

3. Securely tighten all stationary parts and connected parts so that they will not become loose. Especially when a cylinder operates with high frequency or is installed where there is a lot of vibration, ensure that all parts remain secure.

4. A deceleration circuit or shock absorber may be required.

When a driven object is operated at high speed or the load is heavy, a cylinder's cushion will not be sufficient to absorb the impact. Install a deceleration circuit to reduce the speed before cushioning, or install an external shock absorber to relieve the impact. In this case, the rigidity of the machinery should also be examined.

5. Consider a possible drop in circuit pressure due to a power outage, etc.

When a cylinder is used in a clamping mechanism, there is a danger of workpieces dropping if there is a decrease in clamping force due to a drop in circuit pressure caused by a power outage, etc. Therefore, safety equipment should be installed to prevent damage to machinery and human injury. Suspension mechanisms and lifting devices also require consideration for drop prevention.

6. Consider a possible loss of power source.

Measures should be taken to protect against bodily injury and equipment damage in the event that there is a loss of power to equipment controlled by pneumatics, electricity, or hydraulics.

7. Design circuitry to prevent sudden lurching of driven objects.

When a cylinder is driven by an exhaust centre type directional control valve or when starting up after residual pressure is exhausted from the circuit, etc., the piston and its driven object will lurch at high speed if pressure is applied to one side of the cylinder because of the absence of air pressure inside the cylinder. Therefore, equipment should be selected and circuits designed to prevent sudden lurching, because there is a danger of human injury and/or damage to equipment when this occurs.

8. Consider emergency stops.

Design so that human injury and/or damage to machinery and euqipment will not be caused when machinery is stopped by a safety device under abnormal conditions, a power outage or a manual emergency stop.

9. Consider the action when operation is restarted after an emergency stop or abnormal stop.

Design the machinery so that human injury or equipment damage will not occur upon restart of operation.

When the cylinder has to be reset at the starting position, install manual safely equipment.

Selection

\land Warning

1. Confirm the specifications.

The products featured in this catalogue are designed for use in industrial compressed air systems. If the products are used in conditions where pressure and/or temperature are outside the range of specifications, damage and/or malfunctions may occur. Do not use in these conditions. (Refer to the specifications.)

Consult with SMC if you use a fluid other than compressed air.

2. Intermediate stop

In the case of 3 position closed centre of a valve, it is difficult to make a piston stop at the required position as acurately and precisely as with hydraulic pressure due to compressibility of air.

Furthermore, since valves and cylinders, etc. are not guaranteed for zero air leakage, it may not be possible to hold a stopped position for an extended period of time. Contact SMC in the case it is necessary to hold a stopped position for an extended period.

A Caution

1. Operate within the limits of the maximum usable stroke.

The piston rod will be damaged if operated beyond the maximum stroke. Refer to the air cylinder model selection procedure for the maximum usable stroke.

- Operate the piston within a range such that collision damage will not occur at the stroke end.
- 3. Use a speed controller to adjust the cylinder drive speed, gradually increasing from a low speed to the desired speed setting.

Mounting

Caution

1. Be certain to match the rod shaft centre with the direction of the load and movement when connecting.

When not properly matched, problems may arise with the rod and tube, and damage may be caused due to friction on areas such as the inner tube surface, bushings, rod surface and seals.

- 2. When an external guide is used, connect the rod end and the load in such a way that there is no interference at any point within the stroke.
- 3. Do not scratch or gouge the sliding parts of the cylinder tube or tube rod, etc., by striking or grasping them with other objects.

Cylinder bores are manufactured to precise tolerances, so that even a slight deformation may cause malfunction. Also, scratches or gouges, etc., in the tube rod may lead to damaged seals and cause air leakage.

4. Prevent the seizure of rotating parts. Prevent the seizure of rotating parts (pins, etc.) by applying grease.



Series MXP Actuator Precautions 2

Be sure to read before handling.

Mounting

A Caution

5. Do not use until you verify that the equipment can operate properly.

After mounting, repairs, or modification, etc., connect the air supply and electric power, and then confirm proper mounting by means of appropriate function and leak tests.

6. Instruction manual

Install the products and operate them only after reading the instruction manual carefully and understanding its contents. Also keep the manual where it can be referred to as neces-

Piping

▲ Caution

1. Preparation before pipig

Before piping is connected, it should be thoroughly blown out with air (flushing) or washed to remove chips, cutting oil and other debris from inside the pipe.

2. Wrapping of pipe tape

When screwing in pipes and fittings, etc., be certain that chips from the pipe threads and sealing material will not ingress inside the piping.

Also, when pipe tape is used, leave 1.5 to 2 thread ridges exposed at the end of the threads.



Lubrication

A Caution

1. Lubrication of non-lube type cylinder

The cylinder has been lubricated at the factory and can be used without any further lubrication.

However, in the event that it is lubricated additionally, be sure to use Class 1 turbine oil (with no additive) ISO VG32.

Stopping lubrication later may lead to malfunctions because the new lubricant will cancel out the original lubricant. Therefore, lubrication must be continued once it has been started.

Air Supply

Warning

1. Use clean air.

Do not use compressed air which contains chemicals, synthetic oils containing organic solvents, salts or corrosive gases, etc., as this can cause damage or malfunction.

Air Supply

Caution

1. Install air filters.

Install air filters close to valves at their upstream side. A filtration degree of 5 m or less should be selected.

2. Install an aftercooler, air dryer, or water separator (Drain Catch).

Air that includes excessive drainage may cause malfunction of valves and other pneumatic equipment. To prevent this, install an air dryer, aftercooler or water separator, etc.

3. Use the product within the specified range of fluid and ambient temperature.

Take measures to prevent freezing when below 5 $^{\circ}$ C, since moisture in circuits can freeze and cause damage to seals and lead to malfunctions.

For compressed air quality, refer to "Air Preparation Equipment" catalogue.

Operating Environment

\land Warning

- 1. Do not use in atmospheres or locations where corrosion hazards exist.
- 2. In dusty locations or where water or oil, etc., splash on the equipment, take suitable measures to protect the rod.
- 3. When using auto switches, do not operate in an environment with strong magnetic fields.

Maintenance

Warning

1. Perform maintenance procedures as shown in the instruction manual.

If it is handled improperly, malfunction or damage of machinery or equipment may occur.

2. Removal of equipment, and supply/exhaust of compressed air

Before any machinery or equipment is removed, first ensure that the appropriate measures are in place to prevent the fall or erratic movement of driven objects and equipment, then cut off the electric power and reduce the pressure in the system to zero. Only then should you proceed with the removal of any machinery and equipment.

When machinery is restarted, proceed with caution after confirming that appropriate measures are in place to prevent cylinders from sudden movement.

A Caution

1. Drain flushing

Remove drainage from air filters regularly. (Refer to the specifications.)



Series MXP Auto Switch Precautions 1

Be sure to read before handling.

Design and Selection

A Warning

1. Confirm the specifications.

Read the specifications carefully and use this product appropriately. The product may be damaged or malfunction if it is used outside of its specification range (eg. current load, voltage, temperature or impact, etc.).

2. Take precautions when multiple actuators are used close together.

When two or more actuators are lined up in close proximity to each other, magnetic field interference may cause the switches to malfunction. Maintain a minimum cylinder separation of 40 mm.

3. Pay attention to the length of time that a switch is on at an intermediate stroke position.

When an auto switch is placed at an intermediate position of the stroke and a load connected to the auto switch is driven at the time the slide table passes, the auto switch will operate. However if the speed is too great, the operating time will be shortened and the load may not operate properly. The maximum detectable piston speed is:

 $V (mm/s) = \frac{Auto switch operating range (mm)}{Load operating time (ms)} \times 1000$

4. Keep wiring as short as possible. <Reed switch>

As the length of the wiring to a load gets longer, the rush current at the time the switch is turned ON becomes greater, which may shorten the product's life. (The switch will stay ON all the time.)

1) Use a contact protection box when the wire length is 5 m or longer.

<Solid state switch>

2) Although the wire length should not affect switch function, use a wire that is 100 m or shorter.

5. Take precautions for the internal voltage drop of the switch.

<Reed switch>

1) Switches with an indicator light (Except D-A96, A96V)

 If auto switches are connected in series as shown below, take note that there will be a large voltage drop because of internal resistance from the light emitting diodes. (Refer to internal voltage drop in the auto switch specifications.) [The voltage drop will be "n" times larger when "n" auto switches are connected.]

Even though an auto switch operates normally, the load may not operate.

Load	
Luau	

• Similarly, when operating below a specified voltage, it is possible that the load may be ineffective even though the auto switch function is normal. Therefore, the formula below should be satisfied after confirming the minimum operating voltage of the load.

Supply _ Internal voltage _ Minimum operating voltage of load

2) If the internal resistance of a light emitting diode causes a problem, select a switch without an indicator light (Model A90, A90V).

<Solid state switch>

3) Generally, the internal voltage drop will be greater with a 2wire solid state auto switch than with a reed switch. Take the same precautions as in item (1) as mentioned above. Also, note that a 12 VDC relay is not applicable.

6. Pay attention to leakage current.

<Solid state switch>

With a 2-wire solid state auto switch, current (leakage current) flows to the load to operate the internal circuit even when in the OFF state.

Current to operate load (Input OFF signal of controller) > Leakage current

If the condition given in the above formula is not met, internal circuit will not reset correctly (stays ON). Use a 3-wire switch if this specification cannot be satisfied.

Moreover, leakage current flow to the load will be "n" times larger when "n" auto switches are connected in parallel.

7. Do not use a load that generates surge voltage.

<Reed switch>

If driving a load such as a relay which generates a surge voltage, use a contact protection box.

<Solid state switch>

Although a zener diode for surge protection is connected at the output side of a solid state auto switch, damage may still occur if a surge is applied repeatedly. When directly driving a load which generates a surge, such as a relay or solenoid valve, use a switch with a built-in surge absorbing element.

8. Cautions for use in an interlock circuit

When an auto switch is used for an interlock signal requiring high reliability, device a double interlock system to safeguard against malfunctions. The double interlock system should provide a mechanical protection function or use another switch (sensor) together with the auto switch. Also perform periodic inspection and confirm proper operation.

9. Ensure sufficient clearance for maintenance activities.

When designing an application, be sure to allow sufficient clearance for maintenance and inspections.

Series MXP Auto Switch Precautions 2

Be sure to read before handling.

Mounting and Adjustment

A Warning

1. Do not drop or bump.

Do not drop, bump or apply excessive impacts ($300m/s^2$ or greater for reed switches and $1000m/s^2$ or greater for solid state switches) while handling.

Although the body of the switch may not be damaged, the inside of the switch could be damaged and cause a malfunction.

2. Do not carry an actuator by the auto switch lead wires.

Never carry a cylinder by its lead wires. This may not only cause broken lead wires, but it may cause internal elements of the switch to be damaged by the stress.

3. Mount switches using the proper tightening torque.

When a switch is tightened above the torque specification, the mounting screws, or switch may be damaged. On the other hand, tightening below the torque specification may allow the switch to slip out of position.

4. Mount a switch at the centre of the operating range.

Adjust the mounting position of an auto switch so that the piston stops at the centre of the operating range (the range in which a switch is ON). (The mounting positions shown in the catalogue indicate the optimum position at the stroke end.) If mounted at the end of the operating range (around the borderline of ON and OFF), operation will be unstable.

<D-M9□>

When the D-M9 auto switch is used to replace old series auto switch, it may not activate depending on operating condition because of its shorter operating range.

Such as

- Application where the stop position of actuator may vary and exceed the operating range of the auto switch, for example, pushing, pressing, clamping operation, etc.
- Application where the auto switch is used for detecting an intermediate stop position of the actuator. (In this case the detecting time will be reduced.)

In these applications, please set the auto switch to the centre of the required detecting range.

A Caution

1. Fix the switch with the appropriate screw installed on the switch body. The switch may be damaged if other screws are used.

Wiring

Warning

- **1. Avoid repeatedly bending or stretching lead wires.** Broken lead wires will result from repeatedly applying bending stress or stretching force to the lead wires.
- 2. Be sure to connect the load before power is applied.

<2-wire type>

If the power is turned ON when an auto switch is not connected to a load, the switch will be instantly damaged because of excess current.

Wiring

3. Confirm proper insulation of wiring.

Be certain that there is no faulty wiring insulation (such as contact with other circuits, ground fault, improper insulation between terminals, etc.). Damage may occur due to excess current flow into a switch.

4. Do not wire in conjunction with power lines or high voltage lines.

Wire separately from power lines or high voltage lines, avoiding parallel wiring or wiring in the same conduit with these lines. Control circuits containing auto switches may malfunction due to noise from these lines.

5. Do not allow short circuit of loads.

<Reed switch>

If the power is turned ON with a load in a short circuited condition, the switch will be instantly damaged because of excess current flow into the switch.

<Solid state switch>

D-M9 \square and all models of PNP output type switches do not have built-in short circuit protection circuits. If loads are short circuited, the switches will be instantly damaged, as in the case of reed switches.

Take special care to avoid reverse wiring with the brown [red] power supply line and the black [white] output line on 3-wire type switches.

6. Avoid incorrect wiring.

<Reed switch>

A 24 VDC switch with indicator light has polarity. The brown [red] lead wire is (+), and the blue [black] lead wire is (-).

1) If connections are reversed, the switch will still operate, but the light emitting diode will not light up.

Also note that a current greater than the maximum specified one will damage a light emitting diode and make it inoperable. Applicable models: D-A93, A93V

<Solid state switch>

- Even if connections are reversed on a 2-wire type switch, the switch will not be damaged because it is protected by a protection circuit, but it will remain in a normally ON state. But reverse wiring in a short circuit load condition should be avoided to protect the switch from being damaged.
- 2) Even if (+) and (-) power supply line connections are reversed on a 3-wire type switch, the switch will be protected by a protection circuit. However, if the (+) power supply line is connected to the blue [black] wire and the (-) power supply line is connected to the black [white] wire, the switch will be damaged.

<D-M9□>

D-M9 does not have built-in short circuit protection circuit. Be aware that if the power supply connection is reversed (e.g. (+) power supply wire and (-) power supply wire connection is reversed), the switch will be damaged.

* Lead wire colour changes

Lead wire colours of SMC switches have been changed in order to meet NECA Standard 0402 for production beginning September, 1996 and thereafter. Please refer to the tables provided. Special care should be taken regarding wire polarity during the time that the old colours still coexist with the new colours.

		 	 000/101			
2 mir	~			2	iro	

2-wire			3-wire		
	Old	New		Old	New
Output (+)	Red	Brown	Power supply	Red	Brown
Output (-)	Black	Blue	GND	Black	Blue
			Output	White	Black

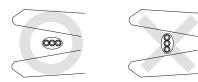
Series MXP Auto Switch Precautions 3

Be sure to read before handling.

Wiring

Caution

1. When the cable sheath is stripped, confirm the stripping direction. The insulator may be split or damaged depending on the direction. (D-M9□ only)



Recommended tool

Manufacturer	Model name	Model no.
VESSEL	Wire stripper	No 3000G
TOKYO IDEAL CO., LTD	Strip master	45-089

 \ast Stripper for a round cable (Ø 2.0) can be used for a 2-wire type cable.

Operating Environment

Warning

1. Never use in an atmosphere of explosive gases.

The construction of the auto switch is not intended to prevent explosion. Never use in an atmosphere with an explosive gas since this may cause a serious explosion.

2. Do not use in an area where a magnetic field is generated.

The auto switch will malfunction or the magnets inside of an actuator will become demagnetised if used in such an environment.

3. Do not use in an environment where the auto switch will be continually exposed to water.

The switch satisfies the IEC standard IP67 construction (JIS C 0920: watertight construction). Nevertheless, it should not be used in applications where it is continually exposed to water splash or spray. This may cause deterioration of the insulation or swelling of the potting resin inside switch causing a malfunction.

4. Do not use in an environment with oil or chemicals.

Consult with SMC if the auto switch will be used in an environment laden with coolant, cleaning solvent, various oils or chemicals. If the auto switch is used under these conditions for even a short time, it may be adversely effected by a deterioration of the insulation, a malfunction due to swelling of the potting resin, or hardening of the lead wires.

5. Do not use in an environment with temperature cycles.

Consult with SMC if the switch is used where there are temperature cycles other than normal temperature changes, as they may adversely affected the switch internally.

Operating Environment

6. Do not use in an environment where there is excessive impact shock.

<Reed switch>

When excessive impact (300 m/s² or more) is applied to a reed switch during operation, the contact point may malfunction and generate a signal momentarily (1 ms or less) or cut off. Consult with SMC regarding the need to use a solid state switch in a specific environment.

7. Do not use in an area where surges are generated.

<Solid state switch>

When there are units (such as solenoid type lifters, high frequency induction furnaces, motors, etc.) that generate a large amount of surge in the area around an actuator with a solid state auto switch, their proximity or pressure may cause deterioration or damage to the internal circuit of the switch. Avoid sources of surge generation and disorganised lines.

8. Avoid accumulation of iron waste or close contact with magnetic substances.

When a large amount of iron waste such as machining chips or spatter is accumulated, or a magnetic substance (something attracted by a magnet) is brought into close proximity with an auto switch cylinder, it may cause the auto switch to malfunction due to a loss of the magnetic force inside the cylinder.

Maintenance

Warning

1. Perform the following maintenance periodically in order to prevent possible danger due to unexpected auto switch malfunction.

 Securely tighten switch mounting screws. If screws become loose or the mounting position is dislocated, retighten them after readjusting the mounting position.

- Confirm that there is no damage to the lead wires. To prevent faulty insulation, replace switches or repair lead wires, etc., if damage is discovered.
- 3) Confirm that the green light on the 2-colour display type switch lights up.

Confirm that the green LED is ON when stopped at the set position. If the red LED is ON, when stopped at the set position, the mounting position is not appropriate. Readjust the mounting position until the green LED lights up.

Other

🕂 Warning

1.Consult with SMC concerning water resistance, elasticity of lead wires, usage at welding sites, etc. Series MXP
Specific Product Precautions 1

Be sure to read before handling.

Selection

A Caution

1. Use a load within a range that does not exceed the operating limit.

Select models based on the maximum load weight and the allowable moment. Refer to model selection on pages 1 and 2 for detailed methods. If operated beyond the operating limit, the eccentric load applied to the guide section will be excessive. This can have an adverse effect on service life due to vibration in the guide unit and loss of accuracy, etc.

2. When performing intermediate stops with an external stopper, employ measures to prevent lurching.

If lurching occurs damage can result. When making a stop with an external stopper to be followed by continued forward movement, first supply pressure to momentarily reverse the table, then retract the intermediate stopper, and finally apply pressure to the opposite port to operate the table again.

3. Do not operate in such a way that excessive external forces or impact forces are applied to the product.

This can cause damage.

Mounting

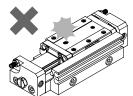
A Caution

1. Do not scratch or gouge the mounting surfaces of the body and table (guide block).

This can cause loss of parallelism in the mounting surfaces, vibration of the guide unit and increased operating resistance, etc.

2. Do not scratch or gouge the transfer surfaces of the body and table (guide block).

This can cause vibration and increased operating resistance, etc.



3. Do not apply strong impacts or excessive moment when mounting work pieces.

Application of external forces greater than the allowable moment can cause vibration of the guide unit and increased operating resistance, etc.

4. Ensure that the parallelism of the mounting surface is 0.02 mm or less.

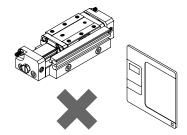
Poor parallelism of the workpiece mounted on the air slide table, the base, and other parts can cause vibration of the guide unit and increased operating resistance, etc.

5. For connection to a load that has an external support or guide mechanism, select an appropriate connection method and perform careful alignment.

Mounting

6. Do not allow objects affected by magnets in close proximity to the air slide table

Since magnets are built into the side of the guide block when equipped with auto switches, do not allow items such as magnetic disks, magnetic cards or magnetic tape close to the air slide table. Data may be erased.



7. Do not attach magnets to the table (guide block) section.

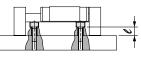
Since the table (guide block) is constructed with a magnetic substance, it becomes magnetised when magnets, etc. are attached to it, and this may cause malfunction of auto switches, etc.

8. When mounting an air slide table, use screws of an appropriate length and tighten them properly at no more than the maximum tightening torque.

Tightening with a torque above the limit can cause malfunction, while insufficient tightening can cause slippage and dropping, etc.

1. Body Tapped						
Model	bdel Bolt Max. tightening torque Max. screw-in depth (/ mm)					
MXPJ6	M4 x 0.7	2.1	6			
MXP6	M4 x 0.7	2.1	6			
MXP8	M4 x 0.7	2.1	4.5			
MXP10	M4 x 0.7	2.1	6			
MXP12	M5 x 0.8	4.4	5			
MXP16	M6 x 1	7.4	8			

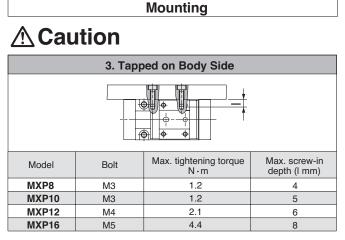
2. Body Through-hole

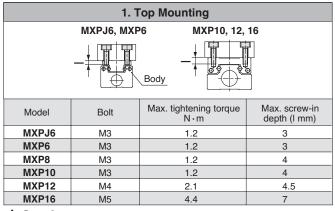


Model	Bolt	Max. tightening torque N • m	Body thickness (<i>t</i> mm)
MXPJ6	M3 x 0.5	1.2	6
MXP6	M3 x 0.5	1.2	6
MXP8	M3 x 0.5	1.2	4.5
MXP10	M3 x 0.5	1.2	6
MXP12	M4 x 0.7	2.1	5
MXP16	M5 x 0.8	4.4	8

Series MXP Specific Product Precautions 2

Be sure to read before handling.





▲ Caution

Since the bolts pass through in the case of MXPJ6 and MXP6, use bolts shorter than the maximum screw-in depth. If long bolts are used, they can touch the body and cause trouble.

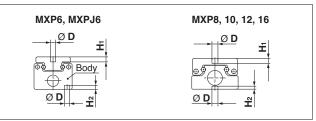
2. Side Mounting						
Model	Model Bolt Max. tightening torque Max. screw-in depth (1 mm)					
MXP8	M3	1.2	4			
MXP10	M3	1.2	3			
MXP12	M3 1.2 4					
MXP16	M4	2.1	6			
A						

▲ Caution

Side mounting is not possible when equipped with shock absorber.

Mounting

9. When the positioning pinhole is used for mounting an air slide table, select a positioning pin with an appropriate length.



Model	Pinhole diameter	Pinhole depth		
WOUEI	ØD	H1 mm	H2 mm	
MXPJ6	2.5 ^{+0.030}	0.5	0	
MXP6	2.5 +0.030	2.5	2	
MXP8	3 ^{+0.030}	2.5	1.5	
MXP10	3 ^{+0.030}	2.5	1.5	
MXP12	3 ^{+0.030}	3	1.5	
MXP16	4H9 ^{+0.030}	4	2	

Operating Environment

A Caution

1. Do not use in environments where there is direct exposure to liquids such as cutting oil.

Operation in environments where the body is exposed to cutting oil, coolant or oil mist can cause vibration, increased operating resistance and air leakage, etc.

2. Do not use in environments where there is direct exposure to foreign matter such as dust, dirt, chips and spatter.

This can cause vibration, increased operating resistance and air leakage, etc.

Consult with SMC regarding use in this kind of environment.

3. Be careful about the corrosion resistance of the linear guide.

Be careful the rail and guide block use martensitic stainless steel, which is inferior to austenitic stainless steel in terms of corrosion resistance.

Adjuster Option Handling Precautions

With Shock Absorber

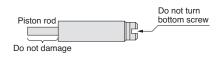
\land Caution

1. Never turn the screw on the bottom of the shock absorber body.

This is not an adjustment screw. Turning it can cause oil leakage.

2. Do not scratch the sliding surface of the shock absorber's piston rod.

This can cause a loss of durability and return malfunction.





Series MXP Specific Product Precautions 3

Be sure to read before handling.

Adjuster Option Handling Precautions

A Caution

3. The shock absorber is a consumable part. Replacement is necessary when a drop in energy absorbing capacity is noticed.

Applicable size	Shock absorber model	
MXP10	RB0805	
MXP12	RB0805	
MXP16	RB0806	

4. Use the tightening torque in the table below for the shock absorber's lock nut.

Bolt	Tightening torque N•m		
MXP10			
MXP12	1.67		
MXP16			

Rust may occur specifically in an environment where water drops from condensation adhere to a surface.

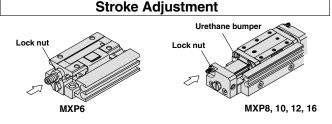
5. Provide shade in locations exposed to direct sunlight.

6. Block off sources of heat located near by.

When there are heat sources in the surrounding area, radiated heat may cause the product's temperature to rise and exceed the operating temperature range. Block off the heat with a cover, etc.

7. Do not use in locations where vibration or impact occur.

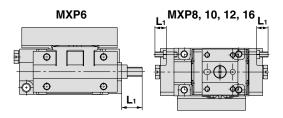
Consult with SMC regarding use in this kind of environment, as damage and malfunction can result.



Loosen the lock nut, adjust the stroke with a hexagon wrench from the side marked with an arrow and secure with the lock nut.

Caution

If not adjusted for effective operation of the urethane bumper, impact will increase and have an adverse effect on service life. As a guide, adjust so that dimension L_1 is less than the value shown in "Table 1".



Stroke Adjustment

Table 1

Model	L1 (mm)	
MXP6-5	9 (one side only)	
MXP6-10	9 (one side only)	
MXP8-10	7	
MXP8-20	6	
MXP10-10	7	
MXP10-20	6	
MXP12-15	7	
MXP12-25	7	
MXP16-20	8	
MXP16-30	8	

Metal Stopper

In the case of a metal stopper, adjust so that the stroke adjuster hits the end face of the guide block.

As a guide, adjust so that dimension L_2 is less than the value shown in "Table 2".

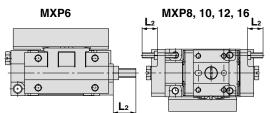


Table 2

Model	L2 (mm)	
MXP6-5C	10 (one side only)	
MXP6-10C	10 (one side only)	
MXP8-10C	9	
MXP8-20C	8	
MXP10-10C	9	
MXP10-20C	8	
MXP12-15C	8	
MXP12-25C	8	
MXP16-20C	8	
MXP16-30C	8	

Shock Absorber

When equipped with shock absorber, adjust so that the end face of the shock absorber hits the guide block. If the shock absorber does not operate effectively, impact will increase and have an adverse effedct on service life. As a guide, adjust so that dimension L_3 is less than the value shown in "Table 3".

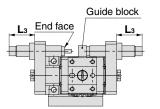


Table 3	
Model	L ₃ (mm)
MXP10-10B	19
MXP10-20B	15
MXP12-15B	15
MXP12-25B	15
MXP16-20B	15
MXP16-30B	15



Safety Instructions

These safety instructions are intended to prevent hazardous situations and/or equipment damage. These instructions indicate the level of potential hazard with the labels of "**Caution**," "**Warning**" or "**Danger**." They are all important notes for safety and must be followed in addition to International Standards (ISO/IEC) ¹), and other safety regulations.

etc.

1) ISO 4414: Pneumatic fluid power - General rules and safety

requirements for systems and their components. ISO 4413: Hydraulic fluid power – General rules and safety requirements for systems and their components. IEC 60204-1: Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines. (Part 1: General requirements) ISO 10218-1: Robots and robotic devices - Safety requirements for industrial robots - Part 1: Robots.

	Danger:	Danger indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
	Warning:	Warning indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
⚠	Caution:	Caution indicates a hazard with a low level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

▲ Warning

- 1. The compatibility of the product is the responsibility of the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications. Since the product specified here is used under various operating conditions, its compatibility with specific equipment must be decided by the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications based on necessary analysis and test results. The expected performance and safety assurance of the equipment will be the responsibility of the person who has determined its compatibility with the product. This person should also continuously review all specifications of the product referring to its latest catalogue information, with a view to giving due consideration to any possibility of equipment failure when configuring the equipment.
- 2. Only personnel with appropriate training should operate machinery and equipment.

The product specified here may become unsafe if handled incorrectly. The assembly, operation and maintenance of machines or equipment including our products must be performed by an operator who is appropriately trained and experienced.

- 3. Do not service or attempt to remove product and machinery/ equipment until safety is confirmed.
 - The inspection and maintenance of machinery/equipment should only be performed after measures to prevent falling or runaway of the driven objects have been confirmed.
 - 2. When the product is to be removed, confirm that the safety measures as mentioned above are implemented and the power from any appropriate source is cut, and read and understand the specific product precautions of all relevant products carefully.
 - 3. Before machinery/equipment is restarted, take measures to prevent unexpected operation and malfunction.
- 4. Our products cannot be used beyond their specifications. Our products are not developed, designed, and manufactured to be used under the following conditions or environments. Use under such conditions or environments is not covered.
 - 1. Conditions and environments outside of the given specifications, or use outdoors or in a place exposed to direct sunlight.
 - 2. Use for nuclear power, railways, aviation, space equipment, ships, vehicles, military application, equipment affecting human life, body, and property, fuel equipment, entertainment equipment, emergency shut-off circuits, press clutches, brake circuits, safety equipment, etc., and use for applications that do not conform to standard specifications such as catalogues and operation manuals.
 - 3. Use for interlock circuits, except for use with double interlock such as installing a mechanical protection function in case of failure. Please periodically inspect the product to confirm that the product is operating properly.

▲ Caution

We develop, design, and manufacture our products to be used for automatic control equipment, and provide them for peaceful use in manufacturing industries. Use in non-manufacturing industries is not covered. Products we manufacture and sell cannot be used for the purpose of transactions or certification specified in the Measurement Act.

The new Measurement Act prohibits use of any unit other than SI units in Japan.

Limited warranty and Disclaimer/Compliance Requirements

The product used is subject to the following "Limited warranty and Disclaimer" and "Compliance Requirements".Read and accept them before using the product.

Limited warranty and Disclaimer

- 1. The warranty period of the product is 1 year in service or 1.5 years after the product is delivered, whichever is first. ²⁾ Also, the product may have specified durability, running distance or replacement parts. Please consult your nearest sales branch.
- 2. For any failure or damage reported within the warranty period which is clearly our responsibility, a replacement product or necessary parts will be provided. This limited warranty applies only to our product independently, and not to any other damage incurred due to the failure of the product.
- Prior to using SMC products, please read and understand the warranty terms and disclaimers noted in the specified catalogue for the particular products.
- 2) Vacuum pads are excluded from this 1 year warranty. A vacuum pad is a consumable part, so it is warranted for a year after it is delivered. Also, even within the warranty period, the wear of a product due to the use of the vacuum pad or failure due to the deterioration of rubber material are not covered by the limited warranty.

Compliance Requirements

- 1. The use of SMC products with production equipment for the manufacture of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) or any other weapon is strictly prohibited.
- The exports of SMC products or technology from one country to another are governed by the relevant security laws and regulations of the countries involved in the transaction. Prior to the shipment of a SMC product to another country, assure that all local rules governing that export are known and followed.

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